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INFORMATION

RESPECTING

UNITED STATES BONDS, PAPER CURRENCY,
COIN, PRODUCTION OF PRECIOUS
METALS, ETC.

JULY 1, 1896.

WASHINGTON:
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INFORMATION

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TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, D. C., July 1, 1896.

SIR: In view of the great number of requests for information respecting United States bonds, the currency, coinage, production of the precious metals, and kindred subjects, and the impracticability of responding to each request separately, you are hereby directed to cause a circular of information to be prepared, which shall cover the questions most frequently asked.

The text of the circular should state, as briefly and clearly as possible without comment, the historical facts relating to the subjects in question, to be followed by tables reproducing, in compact form, the periodical and other official statements relating thereto, published by this Department. The necessary assistance in this work will be given by the Bureau officers of the Department.

Respectfully yours,

J. G. CARLISLE, *Secretary.*

Mr. A. T. HUNTINGTON,
*Chief Division Loans and Currency,
Treasury Department.*

INFORMATION RESPECTING UNITED STATES BONDS, PAPER CURRENCY, COIN, PRODUCTION OF PRECIOUS METALS, ETC.

UNITED STATES BONDS.

The United States bonds now outstanding were issued either for the purpose of refunding other forms of national indebtedness, or to supply gold for the redemption of United States notes.

The refunding acts, so called, were approved July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871. Under these acts about \$1,400,000,000 of bonds were issued, of which \$500,000,000 were 5 per cent ten-year bonds, redeemable after May 1, 1881; \$185,000,000 were 4½ per cent fifteen-year bonds, redeemable after September 1, 1891, and the remainder were thirty-year 4 per cent bonds, redeemable after July 1, 1907.

The resumption act was approved January 14, 1875; it directed the Secretary of the Treasury to prepare and provide for the redemption of United States notes in coin, on and after January 1, 1879, and it authorized him to use the surplus revenues for that purpose, from time to time, and to sell and dispose of, at not less than par in coin, either of the descriptions of bonds described in the refunding acts above mentioned. In pursuance of this authority, \$95,500,000 of the 4½ and 4 per cent bonds were sold for redemption purposes, and the proceeds (\$96,000,000 in gold) were placed in the Treasury as a fund for such redemption. In time this fund became known as the "gold reserve," and in the bank act, approved July 12, 1882, in a section providing for the issue of gold certificates, the sum of \$100,000,000 was prescribed by Congress as the limit to which the gold reserve might be reduced without affecting the issue of gold certificates.

The presentation of United States notes for redemption prior to 1893 was not great enough to reduce the reserve fund below \$100,000,000; in April of that year, however, the minimum was reached, and the fund became so low that in February, 1894, an issue of bonds became necessary to enable the Government to restore the gold reserve and redeem the obligations of the United States. Accordingly, popular subscriptions were invited for an issue of \$50,000,000 of ten-year 5 per cent

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bonds, which were dated February 1, 1894, and realized to the Government \$55,633,295 in gold. In November, 1894, another issue of \$50,000,000 of the same class of bonds was necessary, the sum realized being \$58,538,590. In February, 1895, the Government was again obliged to replenish the gold reserve, which it did by the purchase, under contract, of 3,500,000 ounces of gold coin, which were paid for with United States 4 per cent thirty-year bonds, amounting to \$62,315,400. Another sale of \$100,000,000 of 4 per cent thirty-year bonds was made through popular subscriptions, invited in January, 1896. The total amount of bonds thus issued since 1893 to protect the gold reserve was \$262,315,400, and the total proceeds thereof, in gold coin, was \$293,454,286.74.

The amount of United States bonds outstanding July 1, 1896, was as follows:

4 per cent bonds continued at 2 per cent	\$25,361,500
4 per cent bonds of 1897	359,636,850
5 per cent bonds of 1894	100,000,315
4 per cent bonds of 1925	162,315,400

Total 847,316,750

All these bonds were sold at not less than par for gold coin, or its equivalent; they are all redeemable in coin of the standard value of July 14, 1870, which was the date of the first of the refunding acts. The standard weights and fineness for coins at that date were the same as at present, the gold unit being a dollar of the standard weight of 25.8 grains and the silver unit being the silver dollar of the standard weight of 412½ grains. The interest on all these bonds is payable quarterly in coin of the same standard.

The Government has never issued any bonds payable, by their terms, either principal or interest, in gold coin or in silver coin. Before the war, the obligations of the Government contained no statement as to the kind of money in which they should be paid, and none of the war obligations contained any such provision, except the certificates of temporary loan and the 7-30 notes of 1861 and 1865, which were all payable, by their terms, in lawful money.

Copies of the regulations of this Department for the issue, exchange, transfer, and redemption of United States bonds may be had upon application to the Secretary of the Treasury.

COINS AND PAPER CURRENCY.

There are ten different kinds of money in circulation in the United States, namely, gold coins, standard silver dollars, subsidiary silver, gold certificates, silver certificates, Treasury notes issued under the act of July 14, 1890, United States notes (also called greenbacks and legal tenders), national-bank notes, and nickel and bronze coins. These forms of money are all available as circulation. While they do not all

possess the full legal-tender quality, each kind has such attributes as to give it currency. The status of each kind is as follows:

Gold coin is legal tender at its nominal or face value for all debts, public and private, when not below the standard weight and limit of tolerance prescribed by law; and when below such standard and limit of tolerance, it is legal tender in proportion to its weight.

Standard silver dollars are legal tender at their nominal or face value in payment of all debts, public and private, without regard to the amount, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

Subsidiary silver is legal tender for amounts not exceeding \$10 in any one payment.

Treasury notes of the act of July 14, 1890, are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

United States notes are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt.

Gold certificates, silver certificates, and national-bank notes are not legal tender, but both classes of certificates are receivable for all public dues, while national-bank notes are receivable for all public dues, except duties on imports, and may be paid out by the Government for all salaries, and other debts and demands owing by the United States to individuals, corporations, and associations within the United States, except interest on the public debt, and in redemption of the national currency. All national banks are required by law to receive the notes of other national banks at par.

The minor coins of nickel and copper are legal tender to the extent of 25 cents.

GOLD COINS.

The coinage of legal-tender gold was authorized by the first coinage act passed by Congress, April 2, 1792.

The gold unit of value is the dollar which contains 25.8 grains of standard gold 900 fine. The amount of fine gold in the dollar is 23.22 grains, and the remainder of the weight is an alloy of copper. While the gold dollar is the unit and standard of value, the actual coinage of the \$1 piece was discontinued under authority of the act of September 26, 1890. Gold is now coined in denominations of \$2.50, \$5, \$10, and \$20, called respectively quarter eagles, half eagles, eagles, and double eagles.

The total coinage of gold by the mints of the United States from 1792 to June 30, 1896, is \$1,814,692,253, of which it is estimated that \$567,931,823 is still in existence as coin in the United States, while the remainder, \$1,246,760,430, has been exported or consumed in the fine arts.

The basis for the estimate of the amount of gold coin in the United States was established in 1873, when the amount in the vaults of the

national banks and in the Treasury was ascertained from reports to be \$98,389,864. To this was added \$20,000,000 as an estimate of the amount of gold in use on the Pacific Coast, and \$10,000,000 as the amount held by all other banks, and by the people. The amount thus ascertained was \$128,389,864, to which has been added from year to year the new coinage reported by the Director of the Mint, and the imports as shown by the custom-house reports; and from which has been deducted the exports and the amounts consumed in the fine arts. It will be seen that more than two-thirds of the gold coins struck at the mints of the United States have disappeared from circulation.

SILVER COINS.

The silver unit is the dollar which contains $412\frac{1}{2}$ grains of standard silver 900 fine. The amount of fine silver in the dollar is 371 $\frac{1}{4}$ grains, and there are 41 $\frac{1}{4}$ grains of copper alloy. The standard silver dollar was first authorized by the act of April 2, 1792. Its weight was 416 grains 892.4 fine. It contained the same quantity of fine silver as the present dollar, whose weight and fineness were established by the act of January 18, 1837. The coinage of the standard silver dollar was discontinued by the act of February 12, 1873, and it was restored by the act of February 28, 1878. The total amount coined from 1792 to 1873 was \$8,031,238, and the amount coined from 1878 to June 30, 1896, was \$130,790,041. The coinage ratio between gold and silver under the act of 1792 was 15 to 1, but by the act of 1837 it was changed to 15.988 to 1 (commonly called 16 to 1). This is the present ratio.

Of the \$130,790,041 standard silver dollars coined since February 1878, there were held in the Treasury June 30, 1896, \$378,614,043, and the amount outside the Treasury was \$52,175,998. Silver certificates to the amount of \$342,619,504 have been issued against that amount of the standard silver dollars held in the Treasury. The commercial value of an ounce of fine silver June 30, 1896, was \$0.6924, and the commercial value of the silver in the silver dollar on that date was 13.55 cents.

SUBSIDIARY SILVER.

The silver coins of smaller denominations than one dollar, authorized by the act of April 2, 1792, were half dollars, quarter dollars, dimes, and half dimes. They were the equivalent in value of the fractional parts of a dollar which they represented—that is, two half dollars were equal in weight to one silver dollar, and so on. These coins were full legal tender, when of standard weight, and those of less than full weight were legal tender at values proportional to their respective weights.

By the act of February 21, 1853, the weight of the fractional silver coins was reduced so that the half dollar weighed only 192 grains, and all the smaller denominations were reduced in proportion. Their legal tender quality was at the same time limited to \$5, and they thus became subsidiary coins. The present subsidiary coins are half dollars, quarter

dollars, and dimes. Their weight is the same as that prescribed by the act of 1853; but the limit of their legal-tender quality has been raised to \$10, and \$86,095,860.40 have been coined since 1873.

The amount of full-weight fractional silver coined prior to 1853 was \$76,734,964.50, and the amount of subsidiary silver coined since that year is \$144,912,175.50.

There was a period, from 1862 to 1876, when there was no fractional silver coin in circulation in the United States except on the Pacific Coast. During this period the small change of the country consisted of fractional paper currency, which will be described in its place.

ISSUE OF STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS AND FRACTIONAL SILVER COIN.

Standard silver dollars are issued by the Treasurer and assistant treasurers in redemption of silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890, and are sent by express, at the expense of the Government, in sums or multiples of \$500, for silver certificates or Treasury notes of 1890 deposited with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer.

Upon the deposit of an equivalent sum in United States currency or national-bank notes with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer or national-bank depositary, fractional silver coin will be paid in any amount by the Treasurer or assistant treasurers in the cities where their several offices are, or will be sent by express, in sums of \$200 or more, at the expense of the Government, or by registered mail, at the risk of the consignee, in packages of \$50, registration free, from the most convenient Treasury office, to the order of the depositor. For this purpose drafts may be sent to the Treasurer or the assistant treasurer in New York, payable in their respective cities to the order of the officer to whom sent.

PAPER MONEY.

The first paper money ever issued by the Government of the United States was authorized by the acts of July 17 and August 5, 1861. The notes issued were called "demand notes," because they were payable on demand at certain designated subtreasuries. They were receivable for all public dues, and the Secretary was authorized to reissue them when received; but the time within which such reissues might be made was limited to December 31, 1862. The amount authorized by these acts was \$50,000,000. An additional issue of \$10,000,000 was authorized by the act of February 12, 1862, and there were reissues amounting to \$30,000. The demand notes were paid in gold when presented for redemption and they were received for all public dues, and these two qualities prevented their depreciation. All other United States notes were depreciated in value from 1862 until the resumption of specie payments, as shown by the table hereinafter following. The act of February 25, 1862, provided for the substitution of United States notes in place of the demand notes, and they were, therefore, canceled when received. By July 1, 1863, all except \$3,770,000

had been retired, and nearly three millions of this small remainder were canceled during the next fiscal year. These notes were not legal tender when first issued, but they were afterwards made so by the act of March 17, 1862.

UNITED STATES NOTES.

The principal issue of United States paper money was officially called United States notes. These were the well-known "greenbacks" or "legal tenders." The act of February 25, 1862, authorized the issue of \$150,000,000, of which \$50,000,000 were in lieu of an equal amount of demand notes, and could be issued only as the demand notes were canceled. A second issue of \$150,000,000 was authorized by the act of July 11, 1862, of which, however, \$50,000,000 was to be a temporary issue for the redemption of a debt known as the temporary loan. A third issue of \$150,000,000 was authorized by the act of March 3, 1863. The total amount authorized, including the temporary issue, was \$450,000,000, and the highest amount outstanding at any time was \$449,338,902 on January 30, 1894. There are still outstanding \$346,681,016.

The reduction from the original permanent issue of \$400,000,000 to \$346,681,016 was caused as follows: The act of April 12, 1866, provided that United States notes might be retired to the extent of \$10,000,000 during the ensuing six months, and that thereafter they might be retired at the rate of not more than \$4,000,000 per month. This authority remained in force until it was suspended by the act of February 4, 1863. The authorized amount of reduction during this period was about \$70,000,000, but the actual reduction was only about \$44,000,000. No change was made in the volume of United States notes outstanding until after the panic of 1873, when, in response to popular demand, the Government reissued \$26,000,000 of the canceled notes.

This brought the amount outstanding to \$382,000,000, and it so remained until the resumption act of January 14, 1875, provided for its reduction to \$300,000,000. The process was, however, again stopped by the act of May 31, 1878, which required the notes to be reissued when redeemed. At that time the amount outstanding was \$346,681,016, which is the present amount. The amount of United States notes redeemed from the fund raised for resumption purposes since January 1, 1879, to June 30, 1896, was \$426,190,220; but the volume outstanding is undiminished because of the provisions of the act of May 31, 1878, which require the notes so redeemed to be paid out again and kept in circulation.

GOLD CERTIFICATES.

The act of March 3, 1863, authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to receive deposits of gold coin and bullion in sums not less than \$20, and to issue certificates therefor in denominations not less than \$20,

said certificates to be receivable for duties on imports. Under this act deposits of gold were received and certificates issued until January 1, 1879, when the practice was discontinued by order of the Secretary of the Treasury. The purpose of the order was to prevent the holders of United States notes from presenting them for redemption in gold, and redepositing the gold in exchange for gold certificates. No certificates were issued after January 1, 1879, until the passage of the bank act of July 12, 1882, which authorized and directed the Secretary of the Treasury to receive gold coin and bullion and issue certificates.

This act, however, provided that "the Secretary of the Treasury shall suspend the issue of gold certificates whenever the amount of gold coin and gold bullion in the Treasury, reserved for the redemption of United States notes, falls below one hundred millions of dollars." The highest amount of gold certificates outstanding at the close of any fiscal year was \$157,542,979, on July 1, 1890, and the amount now outside the Treasury is \$42,320,769. The act of July 12, 1882, made them receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues.

SILVER CERTIFICATES.

The act of February 28, 1878, authorizing the issue of the standard silver dollar, provided that any holder of such dollars might deposit them in sums not less than \$10 with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States, and receive certificates therefor, in denominations not less than \$10, said certificates to be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues. The act of August 4, 1886, authorized the issue of the smaller denominations of \$1, \$2, and \$5. Silver certificates have practically taken the place in circulation of the standard silver dollars which they represent. The amount outside the Treasury July 1, 1896, was \$331,259,509, while the amount of standard silver dollars outside the Treasury was only \$52,175,998. Neither silver certificates nor silver dollars are redeemed in gold.

TREASURY NOTES, ACT OF JULY 14, 1890.

These notes were authorized by the act of July 14, 1890, commonly called the "Sherman Act." The Secretary of the Treasury was directed to purchase each month 4,500,000 ounces of fine silver at the market price, and to pay for the same with Treasury notes redeemable on demand in coin, and legal tender for all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract. It was provided in the act that when the notes should be redeemed or received for dues they might be reissued; but that no greater or less amount of such notes should be "outstanding at any time than the cost of the silver bullion and the standard silver dollars coined therefrom, then held in the Treasury, purchased by such notes."

The authority for the purchase of silver bullion under this act was repealed by the act of November 1, 1893, up to which date the

Government had purchased 168,674,682.53 fine ounces, at a cost of \$155,931,002, for which Treasury notes were issued. The amount of silver bullion purchased under said act, and now held in the Treasury, is 131,838,199.46 fine ounces, which cost \$118,903,909.23. When coined it will produce \$170,457,470, of which \$51,553,560.77 will be gain or seigniorage. The amount of Treasury notes redeemed in gold up to the close of the fiscal year 1896 was \$80,073,325, and the amount redeemed in standard silver dollars was \$26,247,722. Treasury notes redeemed in standard silver dollars are canceled and retired in accordance with the requirements of the act of 1890. Those redeemed in gold are reissued as required in the course of business.

Copies of the Treasury regulations governing the issue and redemption of currency can be procured by application to the Department.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

When specie payments were suspended, about January 1, 1862, both gold and silver coins disappeared from circulation. The place of the subsidiary silver coins was for a time supplied by the use of tickets, duebills, and other forms of private obligations, which were issued by merchants, manufacturers, and others whose business required them to "make change." Congress soon interfered and authorized, first, the use of postage stamps for change; second, a modified form of postage stamp called postal currency, and finally fractional paper currency in denominations corresponding to the subsidiary silver coins. The highest amount authorized was \$50,000,000. The highest amount outstanding at any time was \$49,102,660.27, and the amount still outstanding, though not in use as money, is \$15,267,122.47, of which \$8,375,934 is officially estimated to have been destroyed.

REDEMPTION.

Gold coins and standard silver dollars being standard coins of the United States are not "redeemable."

Subsidiary coins and minor coins may be presented in sums or multiples of twenty dollars to the Treasurer of the United States or to an assistant treasurer for redemption or exchange into lawful money.

United States notes are redeemable in "coin," in sums not less than \$50, by the assistant treasurers in New York and San Francisco.

Treasury notes of 1890 are redeemable in "coin," in sums not less than \$50, by the Treasurer and all assistant treasurers of the United States.

National-bank notes are redeemable in lawful money of the United States by the Treasurer, but not by the assistant treasurers. They are also redeemable at the bank of issue. In order to provide for the redemption of its notes when presented, every national bank is required by law to keep on deposit with the Treasurer a sum equal to 5 per cent of its circulation.

Gold certificates being receipts for gold coin, are redeemable in such coin by the Treasurer and all assistant treasurers of the United States.

Silver certificates are receipts for standard silver dollars deposited, and are redeemable in such dollars only.

"*Coin*" obligations of the Government are redeemed in gold coin when gold is demanded, and in silver when silver is demanded.

Coinage executed at the mints of the United States during the six months ended June 30, 1896.

Denomination.	Pieces.	Value.
Double eagles.....	1,691,320	\$21,296,400.00
Eagles.....	26,278	202,780.00
Half eagles.....	83,936	419,680.00
Quarter eagles.....	5,885	14,712.50
Total gold.....	1,207,419	22,523,572.50
Dollars.....	7,500,412	7,500,412.00
Half dollars.....	1,699,315	549,657.50
Quarter dollars.....	2,950,412	737,603.00
Dimes.....	690,412	69,011.20
Total silver.....	12,214,551	8,856,713.70
Five cent nickels.....	4,790,212	239,516.00
One cent bronze.....	22,697,572	220,575.72
Total minor.....	27,447,784	466,086.32
Total coinage.....	46,855,754	31,846,372.52

Coins of the United States.

GOLD.

Denomination.	Fine gold contained.	Alloy contained.	Weight.
	<i>Grains.</i>	<i>Grains.</i>	<i>Grains.</i>
One dollar (\$1).....	23.22	2.38	25.80
Quarter eagle (\$2.50).....	58.05	6.45	64.50
Three dollars (\$3).....	69.66	7.71	77.40
Half eagle (\$5).....	116.10	12.69	129.10
Eagle (\$10).....	232.20	25.80	258.00
Double eagle (\$20).....	464.40	51.60	516.00

* The alloy neither adds to nor detracts from the value of the coin.

SILVER.

Denomination.	Fine silver contained.	Alloy contained.	Weight.
	<i>Grains.</i>	<i>Grains.</i>	<i>Grains.</i>
Standard dollar.....	371.25	41.25	412.50
Half dollar.....	173.61	19.29	192.90
Quarter dollar.....	86.805	9.615	96.45
Dime.....	34.722	3.858	38.58

Prior to the act of February 21, 1853, all silver coins were legal tender in all payments whatsoever. The act of February 21, 1853, reduced the weight of all silver coins of less denomination than the silver dollar about 7 per cent, to be coined on Government account only, and made them legal tender in payment of debts for all sums not exceeding \$5.

Coins of the United States—Continued.

MINOR.

Denomination.	Fine copper contained.		
	Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Five cents*.	57.87	19.29	16
One cent†.	45.60	2.40	48

*Seventy-five per cent copper, 25 per cent nickel.

†Ninety-five per cent copper, 5 per cent tin and zinc.

Troy weights are used, and while metric weights are by law assigned to the half and quarter dollar and dime, troy weights still continue to be employed, 15.432 grains being considered as the equivalent of a gram, agreeably to the act of July 28, 1866.

The weight of \$1,000 in United States gold coin is 53.75 troy ounces, equivalent to 3.65 pounds avoirdupois. The weight of \$1,000 in standard silver dollars is 859.375 troy ounces, equivalent to 58.92 pounds avoirdupois, and the weight of \$1,000 in subsidiary silver is 803.75 troy ounces, equivalent to 55.11 pounds avoirdupois.

COINAGE OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following table exhibits the number of fine ounces and value of gold and silver coinage of the United States by calendar years, from 1873 to 1895:

Coinage of gold and silver by the mints of the United States, 1873-1895.

Calendar years.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
1873.	2,758,475	\$57,022,748	3,112,891	\$4,024,748
1874.	1,705,441	35,254,630	5,299,121	6,851,777
1875.	1,594,050	32,951,940	11,470,635	15,347,893
1876.	2,253,281	46,579,453	18,951,777	24,363,308
1877.	2,128,493	43,999,864	21,466,346	28,393,045
1878.	2,408,400	49,746,052	22,157,548	28,518,850
1879.	1,899,486	39,089,680	21,323,498	27,569,776
1880.	3,014,163	62,308,279	21,201,222	27,411,694
1881.	4,685,162	96,850,880	21,669,970	27,940,164
1882.	3,187,317	65,887,855	21,635,460	27,975,132
1883.	1,414,581	29,211,990	22,629,701	29,246,968
1884.	1,160,691	23,951,756	22,069,955	28,534,806
1885.	1,343,519	27,773,012	22,400,433	28,962,176
1886.	1,400,240	28,945,542	24,817,064	32,666,709
1887.	1,159,664	23,972,383	27,218,101	35,191,081
1888.	1,518,046	31,368,808	25,543,242	33,025,606
1889.	1,035,899	21,413,931	27,454,405	35,406,683
1890.	990,100	20,407,182	30,320,999	39,202,908
1891.	1,413,614	29,222,065	21,284,115	27,518,857
1892.	1,682,832	34,757,223	9,777,984	12,641,078
1893.	2,757,231	56,967,020	6,808,413	8,802,797
1894.	3,848,045	70,546,190	7,115,896	9,200,351
1895.	2,883,941	55,016,358	4,407,055	5,698,010
Total.	48,233,594	997,076,991	420,860,190	544,142,477

Coinage of gold and silver since November 1, 1893, the date of the repeal of the purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1869, to June 30, 1896.

November 1, 1893, to June 30, 1896.	Gold.	Silver dollars.	Subsidiary silver.
November and December, 1893.	\$20,627,917.50	\$227	\$84,533,30
Calendar year 1894.	70,546,160.00	3,465,972	6,104,375.85
59,616,357.50	862,880	4,855,100.25	
January to June 30, 1896.	22,525,572.50	7,500,412	1,356,301.70
Total.	182,314,007.50	11,457,491	13,186,344.10

Coinage of silver coins, by acts and denominations, from 1792 to June 30, 1896.

Denomination.	1792 to 1853.	1853 to Feb. 12, 1873.	Feb. 12, 1873, to June 30, 1896.	Total silver.
Dollars.	\$2,506,890.00	\$5,224,348.00	\$130,790,041.00	\$148,821,279.00
Trade dollars.			35,965,924.00	35,965,924.00
Total dollars.	2,506,890.00	5,224,348.00	466,755,985.00	474,787,203.00
Half dollars.	66,280,640.50	32,666,832.50	33,714,835.00	132,622,308.00
Half dollars, Columbian.			2,501,632.50	2,501,632.50
Quarter dollars.	3,694,040.50	17,879,790.50	29,292,335.75	51,166,196.75
Quarter dollars, Columbian.			10,005.75	10,005.75
Twenty-cent pieces.			27,000.00	27,000.00
Dimes.	3,890,230.10	4,908,520.00	20,103,550.40	28,904,300.50
Half dimes.	1,255,126.40	3,055,955.00		4,880,219.40
Three-cent pieces.	744,927.00	537,160.20		1,282,087.20
Total subsidiary.	76,734,964.50	59,047,596.20	85,894,770.40	221,677,140.10
Total silver.	79,241,854.50	64,571,744.20	552,650,744.40	696,464,343.10

Fractional silver coinage, 1792 to 1853.	\$76,734,964.50
Subsidiary silver coinage, 1853 to February 12, 1873.	59,017,296.29
Subsidiary silver coinage, February 12, 1873, to June 30, 1896.	85,894,779.40
Total.	221,677,140.10

The following table exhibits the value of the pure silver in a silver dollar at prices of silver per ounce fine from \$0.50 to \$1.2929, or parity:

Price of silver per fine ounce.	Value of pure silver in a silver dollar.	Price of silver per fine ounce.	Value of pure silver in a silver dollar.	Price of silver per fine ounce.	Value of pure silver in a silver dollar.
\$0.50	\$0.387	\$0.77	\$0.596	\$1.04	\$0.804
.51	.394	.78	.603	1.05	.812
.52	.402	.79	.611	1.06	.820
.53	.410	.80	.619	1.07	.828
.54	.418	.81	.626	1.08	.835
.55	.425	.82	.634	1.09	.843
.56	.433	.83	.642	1.10	.851
.57	.441	.84	.650	1.11	.859
.58	.449	.85	.657	1.12	.866
.59	.456	.86	.665	1.13	.874
.60	.464	.87	.673	1.14	.882
.61	.472	.88	.681	1.15	.889
.62	.480	.89	.688	1.16	.897
.63	.487	.90	.696	1.17	.905
.64	.495	.91	.704	1.18	.913
.65	.503	.92	.712	1.19	.920
.66	.510	.93	.719	1.20	.928
.67	.518	.94	.727	1.21	.936
.68	.526	.95	.735	1.22	.944
.69	.534	.96	.742	1.23	.951
.70	.541	.97	.750	1.24	.959
.71	.549	.98	.758	1.25	.967
.72	.557	.99	.766	1.26	.975
.73	.565	1.00	.773	1.27	.982
.74	.572	1.01	.781	1.28	.990
.75	.580	1.02	.789	1.29	.998
.76	.588	1.03	.797	1.2929	1.00

*Parity.

Bullion value of 371 $\frac{1}{4}$ grains of pure silver at the annual average price of silver each year from 1837 to 1895, inclusive.

Year.	Value.	Year.	Value.	Year.	Value.	Year.	Value.
1837.....	\$1.000	1852.....	\$1.025	1867.....	\$1.027	1882.....	\$0.878
1838.....	1.008	1853.....	1.042	1868.....	1.025	1883.....	.858
1839.....	1.023	1854.....	1.042	1869.....	1.024	1884.....	.851
1840.....	1.023	1855.....	1.039	1870.....	1.027	1885.....	.823
1841.....	1.018	1856.....	1.039	1871.....	1.025	1886.....	.769
1842.....	1.007	1857.....	1.016	1872.....	1.022	1887.....	.756
1843.....	1.003	1858.....	1.039	1873.....	1.004	1888.....	.727
1844.....	1.008	1859.....	1.052	1874.....	.988	1889.....	.723
1845.....	1.004	1860.....	1.045	1875.....	.964	1890.....	.809
1846.....	1.005	1861.....	1.031	1876.....	.904	1891.....	.761
1847.....	1.011	1862.....	1.041	1877.....	.929	1892.....	.673
1848.....	1.008	1863.....	1.040	1878.....	.891	1893.....	.603
1849.....	1.013	1864.....	1.040	1879.....	.868	1894.....	.491
1850.....	1.018	1865.....	1.035	1880.....	.886	1895.....	.505
1851.....	1.004	1866.....	1.036	1881.....	.880	1895 (6 months)	.523

Coinage value in gold of an ounce of fine silver at the ratios 1:15—1:23.

Ratio.	Value of an ounce of fine silver.	Ratio.	Value of an ounce of fine silver.	Ratio.	Value of an ounce of fine silver.
1 to 15	\$1.3780	1 to 20 $\frac{1}{4}$	\$1.0683	1 to 27	\$0.7656
1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.3336	1 to 21 .....	.9843	1 to 27 $\frac{1}{2}$ .....	.7517
1 to 15.988 (United States ratio)	1.3336	1 to 21 $\frac{1}{2}$ .....	.9614	1 to 28 .....	.7382
1 to 16	1.2929	1 to 22 .....	.9396	1 to 28 $\frac{1}{2}$ .....	.7253
1 to 16	1.2919	1 to 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ .....	.9187	1 to 29 .....	.7109
1 to 16 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.2527	1 to 23 .....	.8967	1 to 29 $\frac{1}{2}$ .....	.7007
1 to 17	1.2159	1 to 23 $\frac{1}{2}$ .....	.8796	1 to 30 .....	.6890
1 to 17 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.1811	1 to 24 .....	.8613	1 to 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ .....	.6777
1 to 18	1.1483	1 to 24 $\frac{1}{2}$ .....	.8437	1 to 31 .....	.6668
1 to 18 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.1173	1 to 25 .....	.8286	1 to 31 $\frac{1}{2}$ .....	.6562
1 to 19	1.0879	1 to 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ .....	.8106	1 to 32 .....	.6459
1 to 19 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.0600	1 to 26 .....	.7950	1 to 32 $\frac{1}{2}$ .....	.6360
1 to 20	1.0335	1 to 26 $\frac{1}{2}$ .....	.7890	1 to 33 .....	.6264

Highest, lowest, and average price of bar silver in London per ounce, British standard (.925), since 1833, and the equivalent in United States gold coin of an ounce 1,000 fine taken at the average price.

Calendar year.	Lowest quotation.	Highest quotation.	Average quotation.	Value of an ounce, fine, at average quotation.	Calendar year.	Lowest quotation.	Highest quotation.	Average quotation.	Value of an ounce, fine, at average quotation.
<i>Dollars.</i>									
1833.....	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.297	1835.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.338
1834.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.313	1836.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.339
1835.....	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	60	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.308	1867.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.328
1836.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	60	1.315	1868.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.326
1837.....	59	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.305	1869.....	60	61	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.325
1838.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.304	1870.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.328
1839.....	60	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.323	1871.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.336
1840.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.323	1872.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.322
1841.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.316	1873.....	57 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.308
1842.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	60	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.303	1874.....	57 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.278
1843.....	59	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.297	1875.....	55 $\frac{1}{2}$	57 $\frac{1}{2}$	56 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.246
1844.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.304	1876.....	49 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	52 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.156
1845.....	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.298	1877.....	53 $\frac{1}{2}$	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	54 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.201
1846.....	59	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.300	1878.....	49 $\frac{1}{2}$	54 $\frac{1}{2}$	52 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.182
1847.....	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.308	1879.....	48 $\frac{1}{2}$	53 $\frac{1}{2}$	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.123
1848.....	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	60	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.304	1880.....	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	52 $\frac{1}{2}$	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.145
1849.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	60	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.309	1881.....	50 $\frac{1}{2}$	52 $\frac{1}{2}$	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.138
1850.....	50 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.316	1882.....	50	52 $\frac{1}{2}$	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.136
1851.....	60	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61	1.337	1883.....	50	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	50 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.110
1852.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	60	1.326	1884.....	49 $\frac{1}{2}$	50 $\frac{1}{2}$	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.113
1853.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.348	1885.....	46 $\frac{1}{2}$	50	48 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.0645
1854.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.348	1886.....	42	47	45 $\frac{1}{2}$	0.9946
1855.....	60	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.344	1887.....	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	47 $\frac{1}{2}$	44 $\frac{1}{2}$	0.97823
1856.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.344	1888.....	41 $\frac{1}{2}$	44 $\frac{1}{2}$	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	0.99714
1857.....	61	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.353	1889.....	42	44 $\frac{1}{2}$	41 $\frac{1}{2}$	0.95512
1858.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.344	1890.....	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	45 $\frac{1}{2}$	47 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.04633
1859.....	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.360	1891.....	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	48 $\frac{1}{2}$	45 $\frac{1}{2}$	0.98782
1860.....	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.352	1892.....	37 $\frac{1}{2}$	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	39 $\frac{1}{2}$	0.87106
1861.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.323	1893.....	30 $\frac{1}{2}$	38 $\frac{1}{2}$	35 $\frac{1}{2}$	0.78031
1862.....	61	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.346	1894.....	27	31 $\frac{1}{2}$	28 $\frac{1}{2}$	0.63479
1863.....	61	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.345	1895.....	27 $\frac{1}{2}$	31 $\frac{1}{2}$	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	0.61046
1864.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.345	1896 (6months)	30 $\frac{1}{2}$	31 $\frac{1}{2}$	31 $\frac{1}{2}$	0.618158

Commercial ratio of silver to gold each year since 1837.

[NOT.—From 1837 to 1832 the ratios are taken from Dr. A. Soetheer; from 1833 to 1838 from Pixley and Abel's tables, and from 1839 to 1894 from daily cablegrams from London to the Bureau of the Mint.]

Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.
1687....	14.94	1723....	15.20	1759....	14.15	1795....	15.55	1831....	15.72	1867....	15.57
1688....	14.84	1724....	15.11	1760....	14.14	1796....	15.65	1832....	15.73	1868....	15.59
1689....	15.02	1725....	15.11	1761....	14.54	1797....	15.41	1833....	15.93	1869....	15.60
1690....	15.02	1726....	15.15	1762....	15.27	1798....	15.59	1834....	15.72	1870....	15.57
1691....	14.98	1727....	15.24	1763....	14.99	1799....	15.74	1835....	15.80	1871....	15.57
1692....	14.92	1728....	15.11	1764....	14.70	1800....	15.68	1836....	15.72	1872....	15.63
1693....	14.83	1729....	14.92	1765....	14.83	1801....	15.46	1837....	15.83	1873....	15.92
1694....	14.87	1730....	14.81	1766....	14.80	1802....	15.26	1838....	15.85	1874....	16.17
1695....	15.00	1731....	15.09	1767....	14.85	1803....	15.41	1839....	15.62	1875....	16.59
1696....	15.09	1732....	15.09	1768....	14.80	1804....	15.41	1840....	15.62	1876....	17.88
1697....	15.20	1733....	15.18	1769....	14.72	1805....	15.79	1841....	15.70	1877....	17.22
1698....	15.07	1734....	15.18	1770....	14.62	1806....	15.52	1842....	15.87	1878....	17.94
1699....	14.94	1735....	15.41	1771....	14.66	1807....	15.43	1843....	15.93	1879....	18.40
1700....	14.81	1736....	15.18	1772....	14.52	1808....	16.08	1844....	15.85	1880....	18.05
1701....	15.07	1737....	15.02	1773....	14.62	1809....	15.96	1845....	15.92	1881....	18.19
1702....	15.82	1738....	14.91	1774....	14.62	1810....	15.77	1846....	15.90	1882....	18.19
1703....	15.17	1739....	14.91	1775....	14.72	1811....	15.63	1847....	15.80	1883....	18.64
1704....	15.22	1740....	14.94	1776....	14.55	1812....	16.11	1848....	15.85	1884....	18.57
1705....	15.11	1741....	14.92	1777....	14.54	1813....	16.25	1849....	15.78	1885....	19.41
1706....	15.27	1742....	14.85	1778....	14.68	1814....	15.94	1850....	15.70	1886....	18.86
1707....	15.44	1743....	14.85	1779....	14.80	1815....	15.26	1851....	15.46	1887....	21.13
1708....	15.41	1744....	14.87	1780....	14.72	1816....	15.28	1852....	15.59	1888....	21.99
1709....	15.31	1745....	14.95	1781....	14.78	1817....	15.11	1853....	15.33	1889....	22.10
1710....	15.22	1746....	15.13	1782....	14.82	1818....	15.35	1854....	15.33	1890....	18.76
1711....	15.20	1747....	15.26	1783....	14.48	1819....	15.33	1855....	15.38	1891....	23.92
1712....	15.31	1748....	15.11	1784....	14.70	1820....	15.62	1856....	15.38	1892....	23.72
1713....	15.26	1749....	14.80	1785....	14.92	1821....	15.95	1857....	15.27	1893....	26.49
1714....	15.13	1750....	14.55	1786....	14.78	1822....	15.80	1858....	15.38	1894....	32.56
1715....	15.11	1751....	14.39	1787....	14.92	1823....	15.84	1859....	15.19	1895....	31.60
1716....	15.09	1752....	14.55	1788....	14.65	1824....	15.82	1860....	15.29	1896 (6 months)	30.32
1717....	15.13	1753....	14.54	1789....	14.75	1825....	15.70	1861....	15.50	1897....	30.32
1718....	15.11	1754....	14.48	1790....	15.04	1826....	15.76	1862....	15.35	1898....	30.32
1719....	15.09	1755....	14.68	1791....	15.05	1827....	15.74	1863....	15.37	1899....	30.32
1720....	15.04	1756....	14.94	1792....	15.17	1828....	15.78	1864....	15.37	1900....	30.32
1721....	15.05	1757....	14.87	1793....	15.00	1829....	15.78	1865....	15.44	1901....	30.32
1722....	15.17	1758....	14.85	1794....	15.37	1830....	15.82	1866....	15.43	1902....	30.32

Amount, cost, and average price paid each year and bullion value of a silver dollar coined from bullion purchased under the act of February 28, 1878.

Fiscal year.	Fine ounces.	Cost.	Average price per fine ounce.	Bullion value of a silver dollar.
1878.....	10,809,350.58	\$13,023,268.96	\$1,2048	\$0.9318
1879.....	19,248,086.09	21,503,642.99	1,2118	.8676
1880.....	22,057,662.61	25,235,081.53	1,1140	.8848
1881.....	19,709,227.11	23,327,874.75	1,1328	.8781
1882.....	21,190,249.87	24,054,480.47	1,1351	.8779
1883.....	22,889,241.24	25,577,927.58	1,1174	.8642
1884.....	21,922,051.59	24,378,383.91	1,1120	.8600
1885.....	21,791,171.61	23,747,460.25	1,0897	.8428
1886.....	22,690,652.04	25,448,190.01	1,0334	.7092
1887.....	26,490,005.04	25,988,620.46	.9810	.7587
1888.....	25,386,125.32	24,237,553.29	.9547	.7384
1889.....	26,468,861.03	24,717,833.81	.9338	.7222
1890.....	27,820,900.05	26,899,326.33	.9668	.7477
1891.....	2,757,370.52	3,049,426.46	1,0901	.8431
Total	291,272,018.56	308,279,260.71	1,0583	.8185

Amount, cost, average price, and bullion value of the silver dollar of silver purchased under the act of July 14, 1890.

Fiscal year.	Fine ounces.	Cost.	Average price per fine ounce.	Bullion value of a silver dollar.
1891.....	48,393,113.05	\$50,577,498.44	\$1,0451	\$0.8083
1892.....	54,355,748.10	51,106,607.96	.9402	.7271
1893.....	54,068,162.60	45,531,374.53	.8490	.6520
1894.....	11,917,658.78	8,715,521.32	.7313	.5656
Total	168,674,682.55	153,931,002.25	.9244	.7150

Highest, lowest, and average value of a United States silver dollar, measured by the market price of silver; and the quantity of silver purchasable with a dollar at the average London price of silver, each year since 1873.

Calendar year.	Bullion value of a silver dollar.			Grains of pure silver at average price purchased with a United States silver dollar.*
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average	
1873.....	\$1,016	\$0.981	\$1.004	369.77
1874.....	1,008	.970	.988	375.76
1875.....	.977	.941	.964	385.11
1876.....	.991	.792	.894	415.27
1877.....	.987	.902	.929	399.62
1878.....	.936	.839	.891	416.66
1879.....	.911	.828	.868	427.70
1880.....	.896	.875	.886	419.49
1881.....	.896	.862	.881	421.87
1882.....	.887	.847	.878	423.83
1883.....	.868	.847	.858	432.69
1884.....	.871	.839	.861	431.16
1885.....	.847	.794	.823	451.09
1886.....	.797	.712	.769	482.77
1887.....	.799	.733	.758	489.78
1888.....	.755	.709	.727	510.66
1889.....	.752	.746	.724	512.93
1890.....	.926	.740	.810	458.83
1891.....	.827	.738	.784	485.76
1892.....	.742	.642	.674	550.79
1893.....	.655	.513	.604	615.10
1894.....	.538	.457	.491	756.04
1895.....	.532	.461	.505	733.87
1896 (six months) .....	.539	.517	.528	704.03

* 371.25 grains of pure silver are contained in a silver dollar.

Coinage of gold and silver of the mints of the world for the calendar years 1873-1894.

Calendar year.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
1873.....	12,462,390	\$257,630,802	101,741,421	\$131,544,464
1874.....	6,568,279	135,778,387	79,610,875	102,931,232
1875.....	9,480,892	165,867,428	92,747,118	119,915,467
1876.....	10,309,645	213,119,278	97,899,525	126,577,164
1877.....	9,753,196	201,616,466	88,449,706	114,356,332
1878.....	9,113,302	188,386,611	124,671,870	161,191,913
1879.....	4,390,167	90,752,811	81,124,555	104,888,313
1880.....	7,242,951	149,725,081	65,442,074	81,611,974
1881.....	7,111,864	147,015,275	83,539,051	108,010,086
1882.....	4,822,351	99,697,170	85,985,996	110,785,934
1883.....	5,071,882	104,845,114	84,541,904	109,395,765
1884.....	4,810,061	99,432,795	74,120,127	95,832,084
1885.....	4,632,273	95,757,582	98,044,475	126,764,574
1886.....	4,578,310	94,642,070	96,566,844	124,854,101
1887.....	6,016,510	124,992,465	128,388,502	163,411,397
1888.....	6,522,346	134,828,855	104,354,000	134,922,344
1889.....	8,170,611	168,901,519	107,788,256	139,362,595
1890.....	7,219,725	149,244,965	117,789,228	152,293,144
1891.....	5,782,403	119,331,122	106,962,049	138,294,367
1892.....	8,343,387	172,473,124	120,292,947	155,517,347
1893.....	11,243,342	232,420,917	106,697,783	137,952,690
1894.....	11,025,680	227,921,032	87,473,523	113,665,788
Total.....	164,702,527	3,404,703,469	2,131,920,919	2,756,423,015

The following table shows the production of the precious metals in the world for the calendar years 1873-1895:

Production of gold and silver in the world for the calendar years 1873-1895.

Year.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Commercial value.
1873.....	4,653,675	\$96,200,000	63,267,187	\$82,120,800
1874.....	4,390,031	90,750,000	55,300,781	70,674,400
1875.....	4,716,563	97,560,000	62,261,719	77,578,600
1876.....	5,016,488	103,700,000	67,753,125	78,322,000
1877.....	5,512,196	113,917,200	62,670,916	75,275,600
1878.....	5,761,114	119,092,800	73,385,451	84,510,000
1879.....	5,302,174	108,778,800	74,383,495	83,523,700
1880.....	5,148,880	106,430,800	74,705,273	85,640,000
1881.....	4,983,742	103,023,100	79,020,872	89,925,700
1882.....	4,934,086	101,999,600	86,472,001	88,232,300
1883.....	4,614,588	95,392,000	89,175,023	98,584,300
1884.....	4,921,169	101,729,600	81,567,801	90,785,000
1885.....	5,245,572	108,435,600	91,6-9,939	97,518,800
1886.....	5,135,679	106,163,900	93,297,290	92,763,500
1887.....	5,116,861	105,774,900	96,123,580	94,031,000
1888.....	5,330,775	110,196,900	108,827,606	102,185,599
1889.....	5,973,790	123,489,200	120,213,611	112,414,150
1890.....	5,749,306	118,848,700	126,695,662	131,057,000
1891.....	6,320,194	131,650,0-0	137,170,919	135,500,200
1892.....	7,102,180	146,815,100	153,151,762	133,404,500
1893.....	7,608,787	157,287,600	166,092,017	129,531,800
1894.....	8,737,788	180,626,100	167,732,561	106,522,900
1895*.....	9,820,125	203,000,000	174,706,875	114,327,600
Total.....	132,055,763	2,729,854,500	2,305,194,012	2,265,802,700
				2,989,452,900

*Estimated.

The silver product is given at its commercial value, reckoned at the average market price of silver each year, as well as its coining value in United States dollars.

Product of gold and silver from mines in the United States, 1873-1895.

Calendar year.	Gold.		Silver.		
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Commercial value.	Coining value.
1873.....	1,741,540	\$36,000,000	27,650,000	\$35,850,000	\$35,750,000
1874.....	1,629,563	33,500,070	28,849,000	36,869,000	37,300,000
1875.....	1,615,725	34,400,000	24,518,000	30,519,000	31,700,000
1876.....	1,930,162	39,900,000	30,629,000	34,690,000	38,800,000
1877.....	2,298,788	46,400,000	30,733,000	36,970,000	39,800,000
1878.....	2,476,830	51,203,040	34,993,000	40,270,000	45,200,000
1879.....	1,881,787	38,900,000	31,550,000	35,436,000	40,800,000
1880.....	1,741,500	36,603,000	30,328,000	34,720,000	32,200,000
1881.....	1,678,612	34,700,000	32,393,040	37,850,000	43,000,000
1882.....	1,572,187	32,500,000	36,200,000	41,120,000	48,800,000
1883.....	1,451,250	30,000,000	35,740,000	39,690,000	45,200,000
1884.....	1,483,950	30,880,000	37,800,000	42,070,000	48,800,000
1885.....	1,578,325	31,8,0,000	32,910,000	42,560,000	51,6,0,000
1886.....	1,693,125	35,000,000	39,410,000	39,250,000	51,000,000
1887.....	1,596,575	33,000,000	41,290,000	40,410,000	53,350,0,0
1888.....	1,604,841	33,175,000	45,780,000	43,020,000	58,105,000
1889.....	1,587,069	32,800,000	50,000,050	46,750,000	61,646,000
1890.....	1,588,890	32,815,000	51,500,000	57,225,000	70,465,0,0
1891.....	1,601,840	33,175,000	58,330,000	57,630,000	75,417,6,0
1892.....	1,596,375	33,003,000	63,500,000	55,563,000	82,101,000
1893.....	1,739,328	35,955,000	60,031,000	46,801,000	77,576,000
1894.....	1,910,813	39,500,000	49,500,000	31,222,000	61,000,000
1895.....	2,234,760	46,610,000	55,727,0,0	38,145,000	72,151,0,0
Total	40,183,481	830,650,000	939,576,000	913,081,000	1,214,751,000

Product of gold and silver in the United States from 1792 to 1844, and annually since.

[The estimate for 1792-1873 is by R. W. Raymond, Commissioner, and since by Director of the Mint.]

Year.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
April 2, 1792-July 31, 1834	\$14,000,050	Insignificant.	\$14,000,000
July 31, 1834-December 31, 1844	7,500,000	\$250,000	7,750,000
1845.....	1,008,327	50,000	1,058,327
1846.....	1,139,357	50,000	1,189,357
1847.....	889,085	50,000	939,085
1848.....	10,000,000	50,000	10,050,000
1849.....	40,000,000	50,000	40,050,000
1850.....	50,000,000	50,000	50,050,000
1851.....	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1852.....	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000
1853.....	65,000,000	50,000	65,050,000
1854.....	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000
1855.....	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1856.....	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1857.....	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1858.....	50,000,000	50,000	50,050,000
1859.....	50,000,000	100,000	50,100,000
1860.....	45,000,000	150,000	45,150,000
1861.....	43,000,000	2,000,000	45,000,000
1862.....	39,200,000	4,500,000	43,700,000
1863.....	40,000,000	8,500,000	48,500,000
1864.....	45,100,000	11,000,000	57,100,000
1865.....	52,225,000	11,250,000	64,475,000
1866.....	53,500,000	10,000,000	63,500,000
1867.....	51,725,000	13,500,000	65,225,000
1868.....	48,000,000	12,000,000	60,000,000
1869.....	49,500,000	12,000,000	61,500,000
1870.....	50,000,000	16,000,000	66,030,000
1871.....	42,000,000	23,000,000	66,500,000
1872.....	36,000,000	28,750,000	64,750,000
1873.....	36,000,000	35,750,000	71,750,000
1874.....	32,500,000	37,300,000	70,800,000
1875.....	33,400,000	31,700,000	65,104,000
1876.....	39,900,000	38,804,000	78,704,000
1877.....	46,9,0,0,0	39,800,000	86,700,000
1878.....	51,200,000	45,20,0,0,0	96,403,000
1879.....	38,900,000	40,800,000	79,700,000
1880.....	36,000,000	39,201,000	75,201,000
1881.....	34,700,000	43,030,000	77,700,000
1882.....	32,500,000	46,800,000	79,300,000
1883.....	30,000,000	46,20,0,0,0	76,200,000
1884.....	30,800,000	48,800,000	79,600,000
1885.....	31,800,000	51,600,000	83,400,000
1886.....	35,000,010	51,000,010	86,000,010
1887.....	33,000,000	53,350,000	86,350,000
1888.....	33,175,000	59,195,000	92,370,000
1889.....	32,800,000	64,616,000	97,416,000
1890.....	32,845,000	70,465,000	103,310,000
1891.....	33,175,000	75,417,000	108,502,000
1892.....	33,000,000	82,101,000	115,101,000
1893.....	35,955,000	77,575,000	113,531,000
1894.....	39,500,000	61,000,000	103,500,000
1895.....	46,610,000	72,051,000	118,661,000
Total	2,059,946,769	1,368,961,000	3,428,847,763

Monetary systems and approximate stocks of money in the aggregate

Countries.	Monetary system.	Ratio between gold and full legal tender silver.	Ratio between gold and limited standard silver.	Population	Stock of gold.
1 United States (a) .	Gold and silver .	1 to 15.98	1 to 14.95	71,290,000	\$600,100,000
2 United Kingdom .	Gold .	1 to 14.28	38,900,000	\$580,000,000	
3 France .	Gold and silver .	1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 to 14.38	38,300,000	\$560,000,000
4 Germany .	Gold .	1 to 15.957	51,200,000	\$625,000,000	
5 Belgium .	Gold and silver .	1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	6,300,000	\$55,000,000	
6 Italy do .	1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 to 14.38	30,700,000	\$48,200,000
7 Switzerland do .	1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 to 14.38	3,000,000	\$14,900,000
8 Greece do .	1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 to 14.38	2,200,000	\$500,000
9 Spain do .	1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 to 14.38	17,500,000	\$40,000,000
10 Portugal .	Gold .	1 to 14.08	5,100,000	\$38,000,000	
11 Romania .	Gold and silver .	... do .	5,800,000	\$38,000,000
12 Servia .	... do .	... do .	2,300,000	\$3,000,000
13 Austria-Hungary .	Gold .	1 to 13.68	43,500,000	\$140,000,000	
14 Netherlands .	Gold and silver .	1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	4,700,000	\$25,200,000	
15 Norway .	Gold .	1 to 11.88	2,000,000	\$7,500,000	
16 Sweden .	... do .	1 to 14.88	4,800,000	\$8,000,000
17 Denmark .	... do .	1 to 14.88	2,300,000	\$14,500,000
18 Russia .	Silver .	1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	126,000,000	\$480,000,000	
19 Turkey .	Gold and silver .	1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	22,000,000	\$50,000,000	
20 Australia .	Gold .	1 to 14.28	4,700,000	\$115,000,000	
21 Egypt .	... do .	1 to 15.68	6,800,000	\$120,000,000
22 Mexico .	Silver .	1 to 16 $\frac{1}{2}$	12,100,000	\$5,000,000	
23 Central American States .	... do .	1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	5,600,000	\$500,000
24 South American States .	... do .	1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	36,000,000	\$40,000,000
25 Japan .	Gold and silver .	1 to 16.18	41,100,000	\$80,000,000	
26 India .	... do .	1 to 15	296,050,000	-----
27 China .	Silver .	... do .	360,000,000	-----
28 Straits Settlements .	... do .	... do .	3,800,000	-----
29 Canada .	Gold .	1 to 14.28	4,800,000	\$14,000,000	
30 Cuba .	Gold and silver .	1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	1,800,000	\$18,000,000	
31 Haiti .	... do .	1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	1,000,000	\$2,000,000
32 Bulgaria do .	1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 to 14.38	4,300,000	\$800,000
Total .				4,068,800,000	

^a July 1, 1896; all other countries, January 1, 1895.^b Estimate, Bureau of the Mint.^c Information furnished through United States representatives.

gate and per capita in the principal countries of the world.

Stock of silver.	Per capita.				
	Full tender.	Limited tender.	Total.	Uncovered paper.	
				Gold.	Silver.
\$549,800,000	\$75,800,000	\$625,600,000	\$383,300,000	\$8.41	\$8.77
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	\$5.37
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^d Haupt.^e Except Venezuela and Chile.

World's production of gold and silver

[Fine ounce of gold, \$20.671834+; fine ounce of silver,

Countries.	1892.			
	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	Oz., fine.	Dollars.	Oz., fine.	Dollars.
1 United States.....	1,590,375	33,000,000	63,499,992	\$2,101,000
2 Australasia.....	1,652,442	34,159,000	13,439,018	17,375,700
3 Mexico.....	54,825	1,129,200	39,504,867	51,077,000
European countries:				
4 Russia.....	1,200,000	24,806,200	465,377	601,700
5 Germany.....	100,987	2,087,600	8,815,316	8,815,600
6 Austria-Hungary.....	72,859	1,502,000	1,770,553	2,289,200
7 Sweden.....	2,830	58,500	1,702	2,200
8 Norway.....			144,478	180,800
9 Italy.....	4,421	91,400	1,381,045	1,656,300
10 Spain.....			11,467,630	19,924,400
11 Greece.....			1,65,123	84,200
12 Turkey.....	*339	7,000	*203,569	263,200
13 France.....	6,274	129,700	2,979,745	3,852,600
14 Great Britain.....	2,477	51,200	169,383	219,000
15 Dominion of Canada.....	143,905	907,600	1,345,495	446,700
South American countries:				
16 Argentine Republic.....	*3,967	82,000	*479,531	629,000
17 Colombia.....	*167,958	3,472,000	*1,313,761	1,698,600
18 Bolivia.....	3,341	1,67,000	10,715,358	13,851,200
19 Ecuador.....	*2,515	52,000	*7,734	10,000
20 Chile.....	29,209	603,800	3,240,007	4,189,100
21 Brazil.....	107,368	2,219,500	.....	.....
22 Venezuela.....	38,995	806,100	.....	.....
23 Guiana (British).....	116,047	2,398,900	.....	.....
24 Guiana (Dutch).....	134,530	713,800	.....	.....
25 Guiana (French).....	*48,288	998,200	.....	.....
26 Peru.....	43,531	73,000	1,004,744	2,462,700
27 Uruguay.....	16,850	141,600	.....	.....
28 Central American States.....	*7,909	163,500	1,546,875	*2,000,000
29 Japan.....	*24,754	511,700	*1,767,459	2,285,200
30 China.....	407,068	18,426,000	.....	.....
31 Africa.....	1,172,221	21,222,000	.....	.....
32 India (British).....	160,523	3,318,300	.....	.....
33 Korea.....	29,330	606,300	.....	.....
Total.....	7,102,180	146,815,100	153,151,762	198,014,400

¹ Estimate of the Bureau of the Mint.² Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1887.³ Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1890.⁴ Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1891.⁵ Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1892.

for calendar years 1892, 1893, and 1894.

[\$1.262929+; coining rate in United States silver dollars.]

1893.				1894.			
GOLD.		SILVER.		GOLD.		SILVER.	
Oz., fine.	Dollars.	Oz., fine.	Dollars.	Oz., fine.	Dollars.	Oz., fine.	Dollars.
1,739,323	35,955,000	59,999,938	77,675,700	1,810,813	39,509,000	49,500,000	64,000,000
1,726,436	35,688,600	20,561,508	26,567,000	2,020,179	41,760,800	18,073,455	23,367,700
63,144	1,305,300	44,362,519	57,357,600	217,688	14,500,000	47,038,381	60,817,300
1,345,222	27,806,200	325,230	420,500	1,167,450	24,133,400	275,800	356,600
72,500	1,498,900	6,378,200	8,240,100	103,571	2,141,000	6,810,272	8,805,100
81,502	1,675,400	2,897,219	3,745,900	87,423	1,807,200	2,684,524	3,470,900
2,899	62,000	143,705	185,800	3,024	62,500	92,194	119,200
		*144,478	186,800			151,297	195,500
5,660	117,000	928,512	1,290,500	*5,660	117,000	*928,512	1,200,500
		2,013,238	2,603,000			2,044,505	2,641,400
		65,123	84,200			1,159,041	1,472,700
339	7,000	263,200	367	8,000	48,727	63,000	12
8,964	185,300	3,152,659	4,076,100	*8,964	185,300	*3,152,659	4,076,100
2,046	42,300	253,455	327,700	3,183	65,800	256,002	329,700
144,853	927,200	*1248,583	3,211,400	50,411	1,942,100	847,687	1,696,900
							16
6,782	140,200	768,005	915,400	4,596	86,000	1,200,000	1,551,000
139,939	2,892,800	2,603,500	2,182,400	*139,939	2,892,800	*1,687,954	2,182,400
3,241	1,07,000	13,631,449	17,024,500	3,241	1,07,000	21,699,965	28,444,400
2,515	52,000	7,734	10,000	3,309	68,400	*7,734	10,000
23,466	464,400	3,128,700	4,045,200	22,466	*464,400	2,850,503	3,655,500
107,368	2,219,500	.....	.....	107,368	2,219,500	.....	21
*38,928	806,100	.....	.....	41,196	851,600	.....	22
124,198	2,567,400	.....	.....	111,751	2,319,100	.....	23
*34,240	707,800	.....	.....	131,482	650,800	.....	24
448,288	998,200	.....	.....	64,300	1,329,200	.....	25
*3,531	73,000	*1,904,744	2,402,700	3,599	74,400	3,460,978	4,474,800
16,850	141,600	.....	.....	16,850	141,600	.....	26
*7,969	165,500	1,546,875	*2,000,000	22,706	476,500	1,546,875	*2,000,000
*23,414	484,000	*1,862,675	2,409,600	*23,694	483,800	*1,862,656	2,520,700
333,444	1,802,900	.....	.....	413,937	18,556,800	.....	30
1,400,142	28,943,500	.....	.....	1,948,109	40,271,000	.....	31
184,483	3,813,600	.....	.....	187,835	3,882,900	.....	32
28,440	587,900	.....	.....	22,600	467,200	.....	33
7,698,242	157,287,600	166,092,047	214,745,300	8,737,738	180,626,100	167,732,561	216,892,300

¹ Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1893.² Product of Imperial mines, 1892; private mines, 1890.³ Product of Imperial mines, 1893; private mines, 1891.⁴ Product of Imperial mines, 1894; private mines, 1892.

Production of gold and silver in the

[From 1493 to 1885 is from a table of averages for certain periods compiled by Dr. Adolf Soetbeer.

Period.	Gold.			
	Annual average for period.		Total for period.	
	Ounces, fine.	Value.	Ounces, fine.	Value.
1493-1520	186,470	\$3,855,000	5,221,160	\$107,931,000
1521-1544	230,194	4,759,000	5,524,656	114,205,000
1545-1560	273,596	5,656,000	4,377,544	90,492,000
1561-1580	219,906	4,546,000	4,898,120	90,971,000
1581-1600	237,267	4,905,000	4,745,340	98,995,000
1601-1620	273,918	5,662,000	5,478,590	113,248,000
1621-1640	266,845	5,510,000	5,330,000	110,324,000
1641-1660	281,055	5,825,000	5,639,110	116,571,000
1661-1680	297,709	6,154,000	5,954,180	123,084,000
1681-1700	346,085	7,154,000	6,021,805	143,983,000
1701-1720	412,163	8,528,000	8,245,230	170,403,000
1721-1740	613,422	12,681,000	12,268,440	253,611,000
1741-1760	791,211	16,356,000	15,824,230	327,116,000
1761-1780	665,656	13,761,000	13,313,518	275,211,000
1781-1800	571,948	11,823,000	11,438,512	236,464,000
1801-1810	571,563	11,815,000	5,715,627	118,152,000
1811-1820	367,957	7,606,000	3,670,508	76,063,000
1821-1830	457,044	9,448,000	4,570,440	97,479,000
1831-1840	652,291	13,384,000	6,522,913	134,841,000
1841-1850	1,760,502	36,393,000	17,605,518	363,928,000
1851-1855	6,410,324	132,513,000	32,051,821	662,566,000
1856-1860	6,486,262	134,083,000	32,431,312	670,415,000
1861-1865	5,948,582	122,989,000	29,747,913	614,941,000
1866-1870	6,270,086	129,614,000	31,350,430	618,071,000
1871-1875	5,591,014	115,577,000	27,955,306	577,883,000
1876-1880	5,543,110	114,586,000	27,715,550	572,931,000
1881-1885	4,704,755	99,116,000	23,973,773	405,582,000
1886	5,135,678	106,163,900	5,135,670	106,163,900
1887	5,116,861	105,774,900	5,116,861	105,774,900
1888	5,330,775	110,196,900	5,330,775	110,196,900
1889	5,973,700	123,489,200	5,973,700	123,489,200
1890	5,749,306	118,848,700	5,749,306	118,848,700
1891	6,320,194	130,650,000	6,320,194	130,650,000
1892	7,102,180	146,815,100	7,102,180	146,815,100
1893	7,608,787	157,287,600	7,608,787	157,287,600
1894	8,737,788	180,626,100	8,737,787	180,626,100
1895*	9,820,125	203,000,000	9,820,125	203,000,000
Total.		424,900,202	6,783,497,400	

* Estimated.

world since the discovery of America.

For the years 1886 to 1895 the production is the annual estimate of the Bureau of the Mint.]

Period.	Silver.				Percentage of production.			
	Annual average for period.		Total for period.		By weight.		By value.	
	Ounces, fine.	Coining value	Ounces, fine.	Coining value	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
1,511,950	\$1,954,000	42,309,400	\$54,703,000	11	89	66.4	33.6	
2,899,930	3,749,000	69,598,320	\$69,985,000	7.4	92.6	55.9	44.1	
10,017,940	12,952,000	160,287,040	207,240,000	2.7	97.3	30.4	69.6	
9,628,925	12,450,000	192,578,500	248,994,000	2.2	97.8	26.7	73.3	
13,467,635	17,413,000	260,352,700	348,254,000	1.7	98.3	22	78	
13,596,235	17,570,000	271,224,700	351,575,000	2	98	24.4	75.6	
12,654,240	16,361,000	253,084,800	327,221,000	2.1	97.9	25.2	74.8	
11,776,545	15,223,000	235,530,000	304,525,000	2.3	97.7	27.7	72.3	
10,834,550	14,048,000	216,691,000	280,160,000	2.7	97.3	30.5	69.5	
10,992,985	14,212,000	219,810,700	284,240,000	3.1	96.9	33.5	68.5	
11,432,540	14,781,000	228,650,800	295,620,000	3.5	96.5	36.6	63.4	
18,863,089	17,924,000	277,261,600	358,480,000	4.2	93.8	41.4	58.6	
17,140,612	22,162,000	312,812,250	443,253,000	4.4	93.6	42.5	57.5	
20,985,591	27,133,000	419,711,820	542,658,000	3.1	93.0	33.7	66.3	
28,261,779	36,133,000	565,235,580	730,810,000	2	98	24.4	75.6	
28,746,922	37,168,000	267,469,225	371,077,000	1.9	98.1	24.1	75.9	
17,385,755	22,479,000	173,857,555	224,785,000	2.1	97.9	25.3	74.7	
14,807,041	19,144,000	148,070,040	161,444,000	3	97	33	67	
19,175,867	21,759,000	191,754,075	247,930,000	3.3	99.7	35.2	64.8	
25,090,342	32,440,000	250,903,422	324,400,000	6.6	93.4	52.9	47.1	
28,488,597	36,824,000	142,448,998	184,169,000	18.4	81.6	78.3	21.7	
29,095,428	37,618,000	145,477,142	188,062,000	18.2	81.8	78.1	21.9	
35,491,972	47,772,000	177,091,862	228,861,000	14.4	85.6	72.9	27.1	
43,051,583	55,063,000	215,375,914	278,313,000	12.7	87.3	76	30	
63,317,014	81,864,000	316,585,069	469,222,000	8.1	91.9	58.5	41.5	
78,775,602	101,851,000	383,878,009	509,256,000	6.6	93.4	53	47	
92,063,914	118,955,000	460,010,722	564,773,000	5	95	45.5	54.5	
93,297,260	120,626,800	43,297,290	52,026,800	5.2	94.8	46.8	53.2	
96,123,586	124,281,000	96,123,586	124,281,000	5	95	45.9	54.1	
108,827,906	140,709,400	108,827,606	140,709,400	4.6	95.4	43.0	56.1	
120,213,011	155,427,700	120,213,611	155,427,700	4.7	95.3	44.3	55.7	
126,095,062	163,032,000	126,095,062	163,032,000	4.3	95.7	42.1	57.9	
137,170,919	177,352,300	137,170,919	177,352,300	4.4	95.6	42.4	57.6	
153,151,762	198,014,400	153,151,762	198,014,400	4.4	95.6	42.5	57.5	
166,092,047	214,745,300	166,092,047	214,745,300	4.4	95.6	42.4	57.6	
167,752,561	216,892,200	167,752,561	216,892,200	4.9	95.1	45.6	54.4	
174,796,875	226,000,000	174,796,875	226,000,000	5.3	94.7	47.3	52.7	
		8,011,122,035	10,357,814,100	5	95	45.9	54.1	

Coinage of nations.

Countries.	1802.		1803.		1804.	
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
United States.....	\$34,787,203	\$12,641,078	\$56,997,020	\$8,802,797	\$79,516,160	\$9,200,351
Mexico	275,203	26,782,721	493,167	28,065,396	554,107	29,481,033
Great Britain.....	67,682,503	3,790,673	45,094,210	5,296,728	27,633,807	4,002,657
Australasia.....	30,784,204	.....	32,059,351	.....	35,203,618	.....
India	55,258,747	.....	39,544,391	.....	2,288,504	.....
France.....	871,223	9,832,065	.....	1,897,395	772,009	.....
Germany	8,861,874	1,237,864	26,280,188	2,093,713	37,433,154	1,067,945
Russia ¹	555,909	2,920,484	2,315,493	2,499,874	2,315,481	233,831
Finland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	41,365	.....
Austria-Hungary.....	14,035,714	*5,315,069	155,897,730	*18,468,684	*40,395,456	*10,742,252
Italy.....	130,105	22,997	150,068	.....	.....	.....
Spain.....	9,381,062	8,017,690	.....	3,290,591	.....	3,946,225
Japan.....	1,319,725	12,307,062	1,306,070	12,301,705	1,576,440	24,131,363
Portugal.....	.....	3,075,840	.....	1,412,640	.....	478,440
Netherlands.....	243	1,567,800	.....	562,800	70,897	100,839
Norway.....	.....	130,600	.....	134,000	.....	120,600
Sweden.....	.....	78,906	.....	26,171	105,239	46,443
Denmark.....	242,207	.....	.....	.....	.....	121,393
Switzerland.....	386,000	.....	386,000	.....	405,516	579,000
Turkey.....	140,672	883,464	736,986	874,628	84,103	450,018
Egypt.....	649,555	622,818	537,114	.....	.....	39,759
Abyssinia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Persia.....	.....	136,320	255,600	.....	.....	.....
Liungkong.....	1,100,000	.....	1,500,000	.....	2,100,000	.....
China.....	3,500,000	.....	4,219,990	.....	6,000,000	.....
Indo-China.....	57,000	.....	930,906	.....	1,532,087	.....
Tanis.....	3,231,905	471,131	134,001	347	232	317
Canada.....	298,000	.....	160,000	.....	144,518	.....
Newfoundland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	58,000	.....
Costa Rica.....	158,091	.....	155,000	.....	12,517	.....
Haiti.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	718,753	.....
Bolivia.....	1,435,543	.....	1,569,229	.....	.....	.....
Peru.....	2,614,948	.....	2,167,395	.....	4,360,153	.....
Colombia.....	2,378,272	60,900	34,539	.....	8,252	.....
Ecuador.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	88,308	.....
Venezuela.....	.....	.....	193,000	.....	193,000	.....
Chile.....	.....	481,405	.....	.....	121,779	.....
Uruguay.....	.....	1,000,110	.....	.....	.....	.....
Guatemala.....	.....	100,000	.....	.....	3,561,988	.....
British Honduras.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50,000	.....
British West Indies.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,733	.....
German East Africa.....	364,814	.....	45,348	.....	93,997	.....
German New Guinea.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47,605	.....
South African Republic.....	24,697	49,519	.....	.....	.....	.....
Straits Settlements.....	.....	.....	191,600	.....	300,000	.....
Company State.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	96,500	.....
Morocco.....	838,608	.....	557,750	.....	227,327	.....
Bulgaria.....	2,569,188	.....	.....	.....	579,097	2,316,224
Roumania.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	570,000	.....
Ceylon.....	226,850	.....	473,700	.....	142,110	.....
Siam.....	6,631,250	.....	.....	.....	2,338,288	.....
Korea.....	.....	.....	25,000	.....	.....	.....
Total	172,473,124	155,517,947	232,420,517	137,952,600	227,921,032	113,965,788

¹ Rupee calculated at coining rate, \$0.4757. ² Silver rouble calculated at coining rate, \$0.7718. ³ Silver florin calculated at coining rate, \$0.482. ⁴ Florin calculated at coining rate, \$0.4052, under the coining act of August 2, 1892.

SUMMARY OF MONETARY EVENTS SINCE 1786.

1786.—Establishment of the double standard in the United States with a ratio of 1 to 15.25; that is, on the basis of 123.134 grains of fine gold for the half eagle, or \$5 piece, and 375.64 grains of fine silver for the dollar, without any actual coining.

1792.—Adoption of the ratio of 1 to 15 and establishment of a mint with free and gratuitous coining in the United States; the silver dollar equal to 371 $\frac{1}{4}$ grains fine, the half eagle to 123.75 grains fine.

1803.—Establishment of the double standard in France on the basis of the ratio of 1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, notwithstanding the fact that the market ratio was then about 1 to 15.

1810.—Introduction of the silver standard in Russia on the basis of the ruble of 17.99 grains of fine silver, followed in 1871 by the coining of imperials, or gold pieces of 5 rubles, of 5.998 grams; therefore, with a ratio of 1 to 15. This ratio was changed by the increase of the imperial to 5 rubles 15 copecks, and later to 1 to 15.45.

1815.—Great depreciation of paper money in England, reaching 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent in May. Course of gold, £5 6s., and of silver, 71 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per ounce standard. In December the loss was only 6 per cent; gold at this period was quoted at £4 3s., and silver at 6d.

1816.—Abolition of the double standard in England, which had had as its basis the ratio of 1 to 15.21, and adoption of the gold standard on the basis of the pound sterling at 7.322 grains fine in weight.

Coinage of divisional money at the rate of 60d. per ounce. Extreme prices, £4 2s. for gold and 6d. for silver; in January, £3 18s. 6d., and 59 $\frac{1}{4}$ d. December.

1816.—Substitution for the ratio of 1 to 15.5 in Holland, established by a rather confused coining, of the ratio of 1 to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$.

1819.—Abolition of forced currency in England. Price of gold, £3 17s. 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d., and of silver, 62d. per ounce in October, against £4 1s. 6d. and 67d. in February.

1832.—Introduction of the monetary system of France in Belgium, with a decree providing for the coining of pieces of 20 and 40 francs, which, however, were not stamped. Silver, 59 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.

1834.—Substitution of the ratio of 1 to 15 for that of 1 to 16 in the United States by the creation of a gold piece—the eagle—weighing 258 grains, and of a silver dollar of 412 $\frac{1}{2}$ grains. In 1837 the fineness of these coins was raised to 0.900. Silver, 59 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.

1835.—Introduction of the company rupee, a piece of silver weighing 165 grains fine, in India in place of the sicca rupee. Creation of a trade coin—the mohur, or piece of 15 rupees—containing 165 grains of fine gold. Silver, 59 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.

* The price of silver given hereafter represents the average rate per ounce standard—that is, the mean between the highest price and the lowest price quoted during the year.

1841.—Introduction of the double standard in Turkey, with the ratio of 1 to 15.10. Silver, 59½d.

1847.—Abolition of the double standard in Holland by the introduction of the silver standard on the basis of a 1-florin piece 0.945 grams fine, the coinage of which had already been decreed in 1839. Silver, 59½d.

1847.—Discovery of the gold mines of California.

1848.—Coinage in Belgium of pieces of 10 and 25 francs in gold, a shade too light. These pieces were demonetized and withdrawn from circulation in 1884. Silver, 59½d.

1848.—Replacing the ratio of 1 to 16 in Spain, which had been in force since 1786, by that of 1 to 15.77.

1850.—Introduction of the French monetary system in Switzerland without any actual coinage of gold pieces. Silver, 60½d.

1851.—Discovery of the gold mines of Australia.

1853.—Lowering of the weight of silver pieces of less value than \$1 to the extent of 8½ per cent in the United States, and limitation of their legal tender power to \$5. Silver, 61½d.

1853.—Maximum of the production of gold reached in California, when it amounted to \$65,000,000.

1854.—Introduction of the gold standard in Portugal on the basis of the crown of 16.257 grams fine. Before this period the country had the silver standard, with a rather large circulation of gold coins stamped on the basis of 1 to 15½ in 1835 and 1 to 16½ in 1847. Silver, 61½d.

1854.—Modification of the ratio of 1 to 15.77 in Spain by raising it to 1 to 15.48, and by lowering the piaster from 23.49 grams to 23.36 grams fine.

1854.—Introduction of the silver standard, as it existed in the mother country, in Java, in place of the ideal Javanese money, and coinage of colonial silver pieces.

1857.—Conclusion of a monetary treaty between Austria and the German States, in accordance with which 1 pound of fine silver (one-half a kilogram) was stamped into 30 thalers or 52½ florins of south Germany, or 45 Austrian florins, resulting in 1 thaler equaling 1½ German florins or 1½ Austrian florins. Silver, 61½d.

1861.—Law decreeing the coinage of gold pieces of 10 and 20 francs exactly equal to French coins of the same denomination in Belgium. Silver, 61½d.

1862.—Adoption of the French monetary system by Italy. Silver, 61½d.

1865.—Formation of the Latin Union between France, Belgium, Switzerland, and Italy on the basis of a ratio of 1 to 15½. Silver, 61½d.

1868.—Adoption of the French monetary system by Roumania, with the exclusion of the 5 franc silver piece, which was, however, stamped in 1881 and 1883. Silver, 60½d.

1868.—Admission of Greece into the Latin Union. The definite and universal introduction of the French monetary system into the country was effected only in 1883.

1868.—Adoption of the French monetary system, with the peseta or franc as the unit, by Spain. The coinage of gold alphonse d'or of 25 pesetas was made only in 1876.

1871.—Replacing of the silver standard in Germany by the gold standard. Coinage in 1873 of gold pieces of 5, 10, and 20 mark pieces, the latter weighing 7.168 grams fine. Silver, 60½d.

1871.—Establishment of the double standard in Japan with the ratio of 1 to 16.17 by the coinage of the gold yen of 1.667 grams and of the silver yen of 26.956 grams, both with a fineness of 0.900.

1873.—Increase of the intrinsic value of the divisional coins of the United States. Replacing of the double standard by the gold standard; limitation of the legal-tender power of silver dollars to \$5. Reduction of the cost of coinage of gold to one-fifth per cent, the total abolition of which charge was decreed in 1875. Creation of a trade dollar of 420 grains with a fineness of 0.900. Silver, 59½d.

1873.—Suspension of the coinage of 5-franc pieces in Belgium.

1873.—Limitation of the coinage of 5-francs on individual account in France.

1873.—Suspension of the coinage of silver in Holland.

1873.—Formation of the Scandinavian Monetary Union. Replacing of the silver standard in Denmark, Sweden, and Norway by that of gold on the basis of the krone. Coinage of pieces of 10 and 20 kroner, the latter weighing 8.961 grams, with a fineness of 0.900.

1874.—Introduction of the system of contingents for the coinage of 5-franc silver pieces in the Latin Union. Silver, 58½d.

1875.—Suspension of the coinage of silver on individual account in Italy. Silver, 56½d.

1875.—Suspension of the coinage of silver on account of the Dutch colonies.

1875.—Introduction of the double standard in Holland on the basis of the ratio of 1 to 15.62 by the creation of a gold piece of 10 florins, weighing 5.048 grams fine, with the maintenance of the suspension of the coinage of silver.

1876.—Great fluctuations in the price of silver, which declined to 46½d., representing the ratio of 1 to 20.172, in July. Recovery, in December, to 58½d. Average price, 52½d.

1877.—Coinage of 5-franc silver pieces by Spain continued later, notwithstanding the decline of silver in the market. Silver, 54½d.

1877.—Replacing of the double standard in Finland by that of gold on the basis of the mark or franc.

1878.—Act of United States Congress providing for the purchase, from time to time, of silver bullion, at the market price thereof, of not less than \$2,000,000 worth per month as a minimum, nor more than \$4,000,000 worth per month as a maximum, and its coinage as fast as

purchased into silver dollars of $412\frac{1}{2}$ grains. The coinage of silver on private account prohibited. Silver, $52\frac{1}{2}$ d.

1878.—Meeting of the first international monetary conference in Paris. Prolongation of the Latin Union to January 1, 1886.

1879.—Suspension of the sales of silver by Germany. Silver, $51\frac{1}{2}$ d.

1881.—Second international monetary conference in Paris. Silver, $51\frac{1}{2}$ d.

1885.—Introduction of the double standard in Egypt. Silver, $48\frac{1}{2}$ d.

1885.—Prolongation of the Latin Union to January 1, 1891.

1886.—Great decline in the price of silver, which fell in August to 42d., representing a ratio of 1 to 22.5, and recovery, in December, to 46d. Modification of the coinage of gold and silver pieces in Russia. Silver, $45\frac{1}{2}$ d.

1887.—Retirement of the trade dollars by the Government of the United States in March. Demonetization of the Spanish piasters, known as Ferdinand Carolus, whose reimbursement at the rate of 5 pesetas ended on March 11. New decline of silver in March to 44d., representing the ratio of 1 to 21.43. Silver, $44\frac{1}{2}$ d.

1890.—Extension of the Bland law in the United States, and purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver per month against the issue of certificates. Demonetization of 25,000,000 lei in pieces of 5 lei in Roumania in consequence of the introduction of the gold standard by the law of October 27. Silver, $47\frac{1}{2}$ d.

1891.—Introduction of the French monetary system in Tunis on the basis of the gold standard. Coinage of national gold coins and billon. Silver, $45\frac{1}{2}$ d.

1892.—Replacing of the silver standard in Austria-Hungary by that of gold by the law of August 2. Coinage of pieces of 20 crowns, containing 6.098 grams fine. The crown equals one-half florin. Meeting of the third international monetary conference at Brussels. Production of gold reaches its maximum, varying between 675,000,000 and 734,000,000 francs. Silver, $39\frac{1}{2}$ d.

1893.—Suspension of the coinage of silver in British India and of French trade dollars on individual account. Panic in the silver market in July in London, when the price fell below 30d., representing the ratio of 1 to 31.43. Repeal of the purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890, by the Congress of the United States.

1895.—Adoption of the gold standard by Chile.

1895.—Russia decides to coin 100,000,000 gold rubles in 1896.

MONETARY SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES.

In 1786 the Congress of the Confederation chose as the monetary unit of the United States the dollar of 375.64 grains of pure silver. This unit had its origin in the Spanish piaster or milled dollar, which constituted the basis of the metallic circulation of the English colonies in America. It was never coined, there being at that time no mint in the United States.

The act of April 2, 1792, established the first monetary system of the United States. The bases of the system were: The gold dollar or unit, containing 24.75 grains of pure gold, and stamped in pieces of \$10, \$5, and $\$2\frac{1}{2}$, denominated, respectively, eagles, half eagles, and quarter eagles; the silver dollar or unit, containing 371.25 grains of pure silver. A mint was established. The coinage was unlimited and there was no mint charge. The ratio of gold to silver in coinage was 1:15. Both gold and silver were legal tender. The standard was double.

The act of 1792 undervalued gold, which was therefore exported. The act of June 28, 1834, was passed to remedy this, by changing the mint ratio between the metals to 1:16.002. This latter act fixed the weight of the gold dollar at 25.8 grains, but lowered the fineness from .916 to .899225. The fine weight of the gold dollar was thus reduced to 23.2 grains. The act of 1834 undervalued silver as that of 1792 had undervalued gold, and silver was attracted to Europe by the more favorable ratio of 1:15 $\frac{1}{2}$. The act of January 18, 1837, was passed to make the fineness of the gold and silver coins uniform. The legal weight of the gold dollar was fixed at 25.8 grains, and its fine weight at 23.2 grains. The fineness was, therefore, changed by this act to .900 and the ratio to 1:15.988 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Silver continued to be exported. The act of February 21, 1835, reduced the weight of the silver coins of a denomination less than \$1, which the acts of 1792, 1834, and 1837 had made exactly proportional to the weight of the silver dollar, and provided that they should be legal tender to the amount of only \$5. Under the acts of 1792, 1834, and 1837 they had been full legal tender. By the act of 1853 the legal weight of the half dollar was reduced to 192 grains and that of the other fractions of the dollar in proportion. The coinage of the fractional parts of the dollar was reserved to the Government.

The act of February 12, 1873, provided that the unit of value of the United States should be the gold dollar of the standard weight of 25.8 grains, and that there should be coined besides the following gold coins: A quarter eagle, or $2\frac{1}{2}$ dollar piece; a 3-dollar piece; a half eagle, or 5-dollar piece; an eagle, or 10-dollar piece, and a double eagle, or 20-dollar piece, all of a standard weight proportional to that of the dollar piece. These coins were made legal tender in all payments at their nominal value when not below the standard weight and limit of tolerance provided in the act for the single piece, and when reduced in weight they should be legal tender at a valuation in proportion to their actual weight. The silver coins provided for by the act were a trade dollar, a half dollar, or 50-cent piece, a quarter dollar, and a 10-cent piece; the weight of the trade dollar to be 420 grains Troy; the half dollar $12\frac{1}{2}$ grains; the quarter dollar and the dime, respectively, one-half and one-fifth of the weight of the half dollar. The silver coins were made legal tender at their nominal value for any amount not exceeding \$5 in any one payment. The charge for converting standard gold billon into coin was fixed at one-fifth of 1 per cent. Owners

of silver bullion were allowed to deposit it at any mint of the United States to be formed into bars or into trade dollars, and no deposit of silver for other coinage was to be received.

Section II of the joint resolution of July 22, 1876, recited that the trade dollar should not thereafter be legal tender, and that the Secretary of the Treasury should be authorized to limit the coinage of the same to an amount sufficient to meet the export demand for it. The act of March 3, 1887, retired the trade dollar and prohibited its coinage. That of September 26, 1890, discontinued the coinage of the 1-dollar and 3-dollar gold pieces.

The act of February 28, 1878, directed the coinage of silver dollars of the weight of $41\frac{1}{2}$ grains troy, of standard silver, as provided in the act of January 18, 1837, and that such coins, with all silver coins theretofore coined, should be legal tender at their nominal value for all debts and dues, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

The Secretary of the Treasury was authorized and directed by the first section of the act to purchase from time to time silver bullion at the market price thereof, not less than \$2,000,000 worth nor more than \$4,000,000 worth per month, and to cause the same to be coined monthly, as fast as purchased, into such dollars. A subsequent act, that of July 14, 1890, enacted that the Secretary of the Treasury should purchase silver bullion to the aggregate amount of 4,500,000 ounces, or so much thereof as might be offered, each month, at the market price thereof, not exceeding \$1 for $371\frac{1}{2}$ grains of pure silver, and to issue in payment thereof Treasury notes of the United States, such notes to be redeemable by the Government, on demand, in coin, and to be legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract. The act directed the Secretary of the Treasury to coin each month 2,000,000 ounces of the silver bullion purchased under the provisions of the act into standard silver dollars until the 1st day of July, 1891, and thereafter as much as might be necessary, to provide for the redemption of the Treasury notes issued under the act. The purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890, was repealed by the act of November 1, 1893.

The act of June 9, 1879, made the subsidiary silver coins of the United States legal tender to the amount of \$10. The minor coins are legal tender to the amount of 25 cents.

COINS OF THE UNITED STATES, AUTHORITY FOR COINING, AND CHANGES IN WEIGHT AND FINENESS AND AMOUNT COINED.

GOLD COINS.

DOUBLE EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1849.

Weight, 516 grains; fineness, .900.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, \$1,277,693,220.

EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 270 grains; fineness, .916 $\frac{2}{3}$.

Weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 258 grains.

Fineness changed, act of June 28, 1834, to .899,225.

Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, \$296,538,270.

HALF EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 135 grains; fineness, .916 $\frac{2}{3}$.

Weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 129 grains.

Fineness changed, act of June 28, 1834, to .899,225.

Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, \$220,631,035.

QUARTER EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 67.5 grains; fineness, .916 $\frac{2}{3}$.

Weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 64.5 grains.

Fineness changed, act of June 28, 1834, to .899,225.

Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, \$28,711,015.

THREE-DOLLAR PIECE.

Authorized to be coined, act of February 21, 1853.

Weight, 77.4 grains; fineness, .900.

Total amount coined to September 26, 1890, \$1,619,376.

Coinage discontinued, act of September 26, 1890.

ONE DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1849.

Weight, 25.8 grains; fineness, .900.

Total amount coined to September 26, 1890, \$19,499,337.

Coinage discontinued, act of September 26, 1890.

SILVER COINS.

DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 416 grains; fineness, .892,4.

Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to $41\frac{1}{2}$ grains.

Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.

Total amount coined to February 12, 1873, \$8,031,238.

Coinage reauthorized, act of February 28, 1878.

Amount coined from March 1, 1878, to June 30, 1896, \$430,790,041.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, \$438,821,279.

TRADE DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of February 12, 1873.

Weight, 420 grains; fineness, .900.

Coinage limited to export demand, joint resolution July 22, 1876.

Coinage discontinued, act of March 3, 1887.

Total amount coined, \$35,965,924.

HALF DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 208 grains; fineness, .892.4.

Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 206 $\frac{1}{2}$ grains.

Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.

Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 192 grains.

Weight changed, act of February 12, 1873, to 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ grains, or 192.9 grains.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, \$132,662,308.00.

COLUMBIAN HALF DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of August 5, 1892.

Weight, 192.9 grains; fineness, .900.

Total amount coined, \$2,501,052.50.

QUARTER DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 104 grains; fineness, .892.4.

Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 103 $\frac{1}{2}$ grains.

Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.

Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 96 grains.

Weight changed, act of February 12, 1873, to 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ grains, or 96.45 grains.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, \$51,166,166.75.

COLUMBIAN QUARTER DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1893.

Weight, 96.45 grains; fineness, .900.

Total amount coined, \$10,005.75.

TWENTY-CENT PIECE.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1875.

Weight, 5 grains, or 77.10 grains; fineness, .900.

Coinage discontinued, act of May 2, 1878.

Total amount coined, \$271,000.

DIME.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 41.6 grains; fineness, .892.4.

Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 41 $\frac{1}{2}$ grains.

Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.

Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 38.4 grains.

Weight changed, act of February 12, 1873, to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ grains, or 38.58 grains.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, \$28,904,300.50.

HALF DIME.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 20.8 grains; fineness, .892.4.

Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ grains.

Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.

Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 19.2 grains.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.

Total amount coined, \$4,880,219.40.

THREE-CENT PIECE.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1851.

Weight, 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ grains; fineness, .750.

Weight changed, act of March 3, 1853, to 11.52 grains.

Fineness changed, act of March 3, 1853, to .900.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.

Total amount coined, \$1,282,087.20.

MINOR COINS.

FIVE CENT (NICKEL).

Authorized to be coined, act of May 16, 1866.

Weight, 77.10 grains; composed of 75 per cent copper and 25 per cent nickel.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, \$14,292,235.30.

THREE CENT (NICKEL).

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1865.

Weight, 30 grains; composed of 75 per cent copper and 25 per cent nickel.

Coinage discontinued, act of September 26, 1890.

Total amount coined, \$941,319.48.

TWO CENT (BRONZE).

Authorized to be coined, act of April 22, 1864.

Weight, 96 grains; composed of 95 per cent copper and 5 per cent tin and zinc.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.

Total amount coined, \$912,020.

CENT (COPPER).

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 264 grains.

Weight changed, act of January 14, 1793, to 208 grains.

Weight changed by proclamation of the President, January 26, 1796, in conformity with act of March 3, 1795, to 168 grains.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 21, 1857.

Total amount coined, \$1,562,887.44.

CENT (NICKEL).

Authorized to be coined, act of February 21, 1857.

Weight, 72 grains; composed of 88 per cent copper and 12 per cent nickel.

Coinage discontinued, act of April 22, 1864.

Total amount coined, \$2,007,720.

CENT (BRONZE).

Coinage authorized, act of April 22, 1864.

Weight, 48 grains; composed of 95 per cent copper and 5 per cent tin and zinc.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, \$8,073,910.34.

HALF CENT (COPPER).

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 132 grains.

Weight changed, act of January 14, 1793, 104 grains.

Weight changed by proclamation of the President, January 26, 1796, in conformity with act of March 3, 1795, to 84 grains.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 21, 1857.

Total amount coined, \$39,926.11.

TOTAL COINAGES.

Gold.....	\$1,814,692,233.00
Silver.....	696,464,343.10
Minor.....	27,830,048.67
 Grand total.....	 2,538,986,644.77

Coinage of the mints of the United States from their organization, 1792, to December 31, 1855.

Denomination.	Pieces.	Value.
GOLD.		
Double eagles.....	62,793,341	\$1,225,856,820.00
Eagles.....	26,627,519	266,275,490.00
Half eagles.....	44,042,271	220,211,355.00
Three-dollar pieces (coinage discontinued under act of September 26, 1850).....	539,792	1,619,376.00
Quarter eagles.....	11,478,521	28,696,302.50
Dollars (coinage discontinued under act of September 26, 1850).....	19,499,337	19,496,337.00
Total gold.....	164,980,811	1,792,168,680.50
SILVER.		
Dollars (coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873, and resumed under act of February 28, 1878).....	431,320,867	431,320,867.00
Trade dollars.....	35,965,924	35,965,924.00
Half dollars.....	264,225,301	132,112,656.50
Half dollars, Columbian souvenir.....	5,002,105	2,500,052.50
Quarter dollars.....	201,714,255	50,428,563.75
Quarter dollars, Columbian souvenir.....	40,023	10,005.75
Twenty-cent pieces (coinage discontinued, act of May 2, 1878).....	1,355,000	271,000.00
Dimes.....	288,332,598	28,832,253.30
Half dimes (coinage discontinued, act February 12, 1873).....	97,604,388	4,880,219.40
Three-cent pieces (coinage discontinued, act February 12, 1873).....	49,736,240	1,282,087.20
Total silver.....	1,366,316,696	687,607,629.40
MINOR.		
Five-cent pieces, nickel.....	281,054,494	14,052,724.70
Three-cent pieces, nickel (coinage discontinued, act September 26, 1850).....	31,378,316	941,349.48
Two-cent pieces, bronze (coinage discontinued, act February 12, 1872).....	45,601,000	912,020.00
One-cent pieces, copper (coinage discontinued, act February 21, 1857).....	156,388,741	1,562,887.44
One-cent pieces, nickel (coinage discontinued, act April 22, 1864).....	200,772,060	2,007,720.00
One-cent pieces, bronze.....	784,733,442	7,847,334.42
Half-cent pieces, copper (coinage discontinued, act February 21, 1857).....	7,985,222	39,926.11
Total minor.....	1,507,813,216	27,364,962.35
Total coinage.....	3,041,110,725	2,507,140,272.25
1Silver-dollar coinage under act of—		
April 2, 1792.....	.....	\$8,031,228
February 28, 1878.....	.....	378,166,793
July 14, 1850.....	.....	40,044,364
March 3, 1891.....	.....	5,078,472
Total.....	.....	423,389,629
		431,323,867

Coinage of the mints of the United States

Calendar years.	GOLD COINAGE.					
	Double eagles.	Eagles.	Half eagles.	Three dollars.	Quarter eagles.	Dollars.
782-1795		\$27,950	43,535			
790		60,800	16,995	\$165.00		
797		91,770	32,030	4,390.00		
798		79,740	124,335	1,355.00		
799		174,830	37,255	1,200.00		
800		259,650	58,110			
801		292,540	130,030			
802		150,900	265,880	6,550.00		
803		89,790	167,530	1,057.50		
804		97,950	152,375	8,317.50		
805			165,915	4,452.50		
806			326,465	4,040.00		
807			426,465	17,630.00		
808			277,890	6,775.00		
809			168,375			
810			501,435			
811			497,905			
812			296,435			
813			477,140			
814			77,270			
815			3,175			
816						
817						
818			242,940			
819			258,615			
820		1,310,030				
821		173,205		16,120.00		
822			88,980			
823			72,425			
824			86,700	6,500.00		
825			145,300	11,985.00		
826			96,345	1,900.00		
827			124,565	7,000.00		
828			140,145			
829			287,210	8,507.50		
830			631,755	11,350.00		
831			702,970	11,300.00		
832			787,435	11,000.00		
833			968,150	10,400.00		
834		3,860,845		293,425.00		
835		1,357,670		328,505.00		
836		2,765,735		1,369,965.00		
837		1,035,605		112,700.00		
838		72,000	1,600,420	137,345.00		
839		382,480	862,745	191,622.50		
840		473,380	1,018,530	153,572.50		
841		636,310	380,945	54,002.50		
842		1,089,070	655,330	85,007.50		
843		2,500,240	4,275,425	1,327,132.50		
844		1,250,610	4,087,715	89,345.00		
845		736,530	2,743,640	276,277.50		
846		1,018,750	2,736,155	279,272.50		
847		14,337,580	5,382,685	482,060.00		

from their organization, by calendar years.

Trade dollars.	SILVER COINAGE.						
	Dollars.	Half dollars.	Quarter dollars.	Twenty cents.	Dimes.	Half dimes.	Three cents.
\$204,791	\$161,572.00						\$4,320.80
72,920		\$1,473.50					\$2,213.50
7,776	1,959.00		\$3.00				511.50
327,536							2,326.10
428,515							2,755.00
220,780							
51,454	15,144.50						1,296.00
41,650	14,945.00						1,097.50
66,064	15,857.50						650.50
19,570	78,293.50		1,684.50				
321	105,861.00		30,345.50				826.50
419,788.00	51,531.00						12,078.00
525,788.00	55,160.75						16,500.00
684,360.00							
702,905.00							4,471.00
638,138.00							635.50
601,822.00							6,518.00
514,029.50							
620,951.50							
519,537.50							42,156.00
				17,368.00			
23,575.00			5,000.75				
607,783.50							
980,161.00	90,293.50						
1,104,000.00	36,000.00						
375,561.00	31,861.00						94,258.70
652,898.50	54,212.75						118,631.20
779,786.50	16,020.00						10,900.00
847,100.00	4,450.00						44,900.00
1,752,477.00							
1,471,553.00	42,000.00						51,000.00
2,062,090.00							
2,746,700.00	1,000.00						121,500.00
1,357,600.00	25,500.00						12,500.00
1,856,078.00							77,000.00
2,352,400.00							61,500.00
2,936,850.00	99,500.00						51,000.00
2,398,500.00	80,000.00						62,155.00
2,665,000.00	39,000.00						48,250.00
3,206,002.00	71,500.00						68,500.00
2,676,003.00	488,000.00						63,500.00
1,090	327,100.00	118,000.00					74,000.00
1,814,910.00	63,160.00						119,000.00
1,772,000.00	208,000.00						95,000.00
1,772,000.00	208,000.00						112,750.00
1,748,768.00	122,766.50						229,638.70
61,005	1,145,054.00	153,331.75					108,285.00
173,000	355,500.00	143,000.00					233,358.00
184,618	1,484,882.00	214,250.00					113,954.25
165,100	3,056,030.00	403,400.00					363,000.00
20,000	1,881,500.00	296,300.00					98,250.00
21,500	1,341,500.00	230,500.00					108,200.00
169,600	2,257,000.00	127,500.00					3,130.00
140,750	1,970,000.00	275,500.00					1,356.00

Coinage of the mints of the United States from

Calendar years.	GOLD COINAGE.				
	Double eagles.	Eagles.	Half eagles.	Three dollars.	Quarter eagles.
1848.....	\$1,813,340	\$1,863,560		\$98,612.50	.....
1849.....	6,775,130	1,184,845		111,147.50	\$896,750
1850.....	\$20,225,220	3,489,510	860,190	895,547.50	511,301
1851.....	48,043,100	4,393,280	2,651,035	3,867,357.50	3,658,820
1852.....	44,860,520	2,811,060	3,689,635	3,284,827.50	2,201,145
1853.....	26,616,320	2,622,530	2,305,055	3,510,615.00	4,384,149
1854.....	18,052,340	2,365,760	1,513,235	\$401,214	1,896,397.50
1855.....	25,046,820	1,457,010	1,257,000	171,465	690,700
1856.....	30,437,560	1,429,900	866,665	181,530	1,213,117.50
1857.....	28,797,500	481,060	1,232,970	104,673	790,235.00
1858.....	21,874,480	343,210	439,770	6,399	144,082.50
1859.....	13,782,840	253,930	361,235	46,014	142,220.00
1860.....	22,584,400	278,830	352,305	42,465	164,360.00
1861.....	74,980,060	1,287,330	3,332,130	18,216	3,241,295.00
1862.....	18,925,120	234,950	69,825	17,355	390,882.50
1863.....	22,187,200	112,480	97,360	15,117	27,075.00
1864.....	19,958,900	60,800	40,510	8,040	7,185.00
1865.....	27,874,400	207,050	144,535	3,495	62,302.50
1866.....	30,829,500	237,800	253,200	12,090	105,175.00
1867.....	23,436,300	121,400	170,600	7,956	78,125.00
1868.....	18,722,000	241,530	288,025	14,625	94,062.50
1869.....	17,238,100	82,850	163,925	7,575	84,612.50
1870.....	22,819,480	164,430	143,550	10,605	51,387.50
1871.....	20,454,740	254,650	245,000	3,990	68,375.00
1872.....	21,230,600	244,500	275,350	6,090	52,575.00
1873.....	55,456,700	173,680	754,605	75	512,562.50
1874.....	33,917,700	799,270	203,530	125,460	9,850.00
1875.....	32,737,820	78,350	105,240	60	30,050.00
1876.....	46,386,920	104,280	61,820	135	23,052.50
1877.....	43,504,700	211,490	182,060	4,464	92,630.00
1878.....	45,916,500	1,031,440	1,427,470	246,972	1,160,650.00
1879.....	28,884,240	6,120,320	3,727,155	9,090	331,225.00
1880.....	17,749,120	21,715,160	22,831,765	3,108	7,490.00
1881.....	14,583,200	48,706,260	33,458,430	1,650	1,700.00
1882.....	22,293,400	24,740,610	17,831,885	4,620	10,100.00
1883.....	24,980,040	2,565,400	1,647,960	2,820	4,900.00
1884.....	19,944,200	2,110,800	1,922,250	3,318	4,982.50
1885.....	13,875,560	4,815,270	9,065,030	2,730	2,217.50
1886.....	23,120	10,621,600	18,382,160	3,426	10,220.00
1887.....	5,662,420	8,706,800	9,560,435	18,480	15,705.00
1888.....	21,717,320	8,020,310	1,560,980	15,873	40,215.00
1889.....	16,995,120	4,298,850	37,825	7,287	44,120.00
1890.....	19,399,080	755,430	290,640	22,032.50	.....
1891.....	25,891,340	1,956,000	1,347,065	27,600.00	.....
1892.....	19,238,760	9,817,400	5,724,700	6,362.50	.....
1893.....	27,178,320	20,132,450	9,910,085	75,265.00	.....
1894.....	48,350,800	26,032,780	5,152,275	10,305.00	.....
1895.....	45,163,120	7,148,260	7,389,680	15,297.50	.....
Total	1,255,866,820	295,275,490	229,911,355	1,619,376	28,696,302.50
	19,409,837				

their organization, by calendar years—Continued.

SILVER COINAGE.						
Trade dollars.	Dollars.	Half dollars.	Quarter dollars.	Twenty cents.	Dimes.	Half dimes.
.....	\$15,000	\$1,880,000.00	\$36,500.00	.....	\$45,150.00	\$63,400.00
.....	62,600	1,781,000.00	85,000.00	.....	113,900.00	72,450.00
.....	47,500	1,541,500.00	15,700.00	.....	214,150.00	82,250.00
.....	1,500	301,325.00	62,000.00	.....	142,650.00	82,030.00
.....	1,100	110,565.00	88,265.00	.....	196,550.00	559,505.00
.....	46,110	2,430,555.00	4,146,555.00	.....	1,327,301.00	755,251.00
.....	33,140	4,111,000.00	3,466,000.00	.....	624,000.00	365,000.00
.....	25,000	2,288,725.00	857,350.00	.....	207,500.00	117,500.00
.....	63,500	1,903,500.00	2,129,500.00	.....	703,000.00	299,000.00
.....	94,000	1,482,000.00	2,726,500.00	.....	712,000.00	433,000.00
.....	5,993,000.00	2,002,250.00	189,000.00	.....	48,120.00	.....
.....	630,500	2,074,850.00	421,000.00	.....	97,000.00	45,000.00
.....	731,930	1,032,850.00	312,350.00	.....	78,700.00	92,950.00
.....	78,500	2,078,550.00	1,237,650.00	.....	299,650.00	164,050.00
.....	12,090	802,175.00	249,887.50	.....	102,830.00	74,627.50
.....	27,660	709,800.00	48,015.00	.....	17,196.00	5,923.00
.....	31,170	518,785.00	28,517.50	.....	29,907.00	4,623.50
.....	47,000	593,450.00	25,075.00	.....	18,350.00	6,675.00
.....	48,625	899,812.50	11,381.25	.....	14,372.50	6,538.25
.....	60,325	810,162.50	17,156.25	.....	14,682.50	6,431.25
.....	182,700	769,100.00	31,500.00	.....	72,925.00	18,295.00
.....	121,700	725,950.00	23,150.00	.....	70,660.00	21,930.00
.....	445,462	823,758.50	23,035.00	.....	52,150.00	26,830.00
.....	1,117,130	1,741,655.00	53,255.00	.....	109,371.00	82,493.00
.....	1,118,000	896,775.00	68,702.50	.....	261,045.00	182,247.50
.....	\$1,225,000	296,600	1,993,780.00	414,190.50	443,320.10	51,830.00
.....	4,910,000	1,406,050.00	215,975.00	.....	319,151.00	.....
.....	6,279,600	5,117,750.00	1,378,375.00	2,496,570.00	.....	.....
.....	6,192,150	7,451,575.00	7,839,287.50	5,180	3,015,115.00	.....
.....	13,092,710	7,540,255.00	6,024,927.50	102	1,735,051.00	.....
.....	4,259,500	22,405,550	726,200.00	849,200.00	120	187,880.00
.....	1,541	27,560,100	2,950,000	5,675.00	1,510.00	.....
.....	1,987	27,307,355	4,877.50	3,738.75	3,735.50	.....
.....	960	27,927,975	5,487.50	3,243.75	2,497.50	.....
.....	1,097	27,574,100	2,750.00	4,075.00	391,110.00	.....
.....	979	28,470,030	4,518.50	3,850.75	767,571.20	.....
.....	28,136,875	2,637.50	2,216.75	.....	38,134.90	.....
.....	28,697,767	3,065.00	3,632.50	.....	257,711.70	.....
.....	31,425,888	2,943.00	1,471.50	.....	658,409.40	.....
.....	33,611,710	2,853.00	2,677.50	.....	1,573,838.90	.....
.....	34,651,811	6,355.50	3,177.75	.....	835,338.90	.....
.....	38,403,004	6,295.00	20,147.50	.....	1,133,461.70	.....
.....	23,562,735	100,300.00	1,551,150.00	2,304,671.60	.....	.....
.....	6,332,245	1,632,136.50	2,966,331.00	1,695,365.50	.....	.....
.....	1,455,792	4,003,946.50	2,583,837.50	759,210.30	.....	.....
.....	3,093,972	3,067,831.00	2,231,448.25	205,096.60	.....	.....
.....	862,890	2,354,652.00	2,255,396.25	225,088.00	.....	.....
.....	35,965,924	431,320,867	134,613,703.00	50,438,569.50	271,000	28,895,259.30
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,880,219.40	1,282,087.20

* Includes \$475,000 in Columbian coins.

† Includes \$2,026,052.50 in Columbian coins.

‡ Includes \$10,095.75 in Columbian coins.

Coinage of the mints of the United States from

Calendar years.	MINOR COINAGE.		
	Five cents.	Three cents.	Two cents.
1793-1795.			
1796.			
1797.			
1798.			
1799.			
1800.			
1801.			
1802.			
1803.			
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1839.			
1840.			
1841.			
1842.			
1843.			
1844.			
1845.			
1846.			
1847.			

their organization, by calendar years—Continued.

CENTS.	HALF CENTS.	MINOR COINAGE.			TOTAL COINAGE.		
		Gold.	Silver.	Minor.	Total.		
\$10,060.32	\$712.67	\$71,485.00	\$70,685.80	\$11,372.00	\$153,511.80		
9,747.00	577.49	77,990.00	77,118.50	10,324.40	165,424.90		
8,675.10	535.24	125,103.00	14,553.45	9,516.34	152,256.79		
9,707.00		205,610.00	339,291.00	9,707.00	545,636.00		
9,045.85	60.83	215,255.00	425,515.00	9,106.00	615,006.68		
28,221.75	1,037.65	317,700.00	221,235.00	29,279.40	571,235.40		
15,628.37		422,510.00	74,758.00	13,628.37	516,856.37		
34,351.00	71.83	421,310.00	58,313.00	34,422.83	516,075.83		
24,713.53	489.50	286,377.50	87,118.00	25,295.00	370,608.53		
7,568.38	5,276.50	258,642.50	100,340.50	12,811.94	371,827.94		
9,411.16	4,072.32	170,367.50	149,388.50	13,482.48	353,229.48		
3,486.00	1,780.00	321,505.00	471,319.00	5,206.00	801,084.00		
7,372.21	2,380.00	437,495.00	597,448.75	9,652.21	1,044,595.96		
11,006.00	2,030.00	284,655.00	684,390.00	13,090.00	882,055.00		
2,228.67	5,772.80	169,375.00	707,576.00	8,901.53	884,742.53		
14,585.00	1,075.60	501,435.00	638,773.50	15,660.00	1,155,868.50		
2,180.25	315.70	497,905.00	668,340.00	2,495.05	1,108,740.05		
10,755.00		290,435.00	814,029.50	10,355.00	1,115,210.50		
4,180.00		477,110.00	630,951.50	4,180.00	1,102,271.50		
3,578.30		77,270.00	561,687.50	3,578.30	612,855.80		
		3,175.00	17,368.00		20,483.00		
28,299.82			28,575.75	25,299.82	56,855.37		
39,484.00			607,783.50	39,484.00	617,671.50		
31,670.00		212,940.00	1,070,454.50	31,670.00	1,414,964.50		
26,710.00		258,615.00	1,140,000.00	26,710.00	1,425,325.00		
44,075.50		1,319,030.00	501,680.70	44,075.50	1,864,756.20		
3,860.00		189,325.00	825,762.45	3,860.00	1,018,975.45		
20,723.39		88,980.00	805,806.50	20,723.39	915,506.89		
		72,425.00	895,550.00		967,975.00		
12,629.00		93,200.00	1,732,477.00	12,629.00	1,858,297.00		
14,611.00	315.00	156,385.00	1,561,583.00	14,926.00	1,735,894.00		
15,174.25	1,170.00	92,245.00	2,062,060.00	18,314.25	2,110,679.25		
21,577.32		131,565.00	2,862,230.00	23,577.32	3,024,312.32		
22,096.24	3,030.00	140,145.00	1,575,699.00	25,695.24	1,741,381.24		
14,145.00	2,435.00	295,717.50	1,994,558.00	16,588.00	2,308,875.50		
17,115.00		643,105.00	2,185,400.00	17,115.00	3,158,620.00		
33,599.60	11.00	714,270.00	3,175,600.00	33,603.60	3,923,473.60		
23,620.00		754,435.00	2,575,000.00	23,620.00	3,401,655.00		
27,390.00		978,551.00	2,759,000.00	28,180.00	3,765,710.00		
19,551.00	600.00	3,951,270.00	3,415,932.00	19,151.00	7,388,423.00		
38,754.00	705.00	2,186,175.00	3,441,063.00	39,489.00	5,668,667.00		
21,110.00	1,990.00	4,135,700.00	3,606,100.00	23,100.00	7,761,900.00		
55,583.00		1,148,305.00	2,056,010.00	55,583.00	3,299,890.00		
63,702.00		1,861,765.00	2,356,243.40	63,702.00	3,206,710.40		
31,296.61		1,376,847.50	2,265,778.20	31,296.61	3,617,912.31		
24,627.00		1,675,482.50	1,726,763.00	24,627.00	3,496,812.50		
15,973.67		1,091,857.50	1,125,750.00	15,973.67	2,240,581.17		
23,833.90		1,829,467.50	2,332,750.00	23,833.90	4,153,991.40		
24,283.20		8,108,750.75	3,834,750.00	24,283.20	11,967,830.70		
23,987.52		5,427,675.00	2,235,550.00	23,987.52	7,697,275.52		
38,948.04		3,735,147.50	1,873,200.00	38,948.04	5,668,593.54		
41,268.00		4,034,177.50	2,558,580.00	41,268.00	6,633,965.50		
61,836.69		20,262,325.00	2,574,450.00	61,836.69	22,638,611.69		

Coinage of the mints of the United States

Calendar years.	MINOR COINAGE.		
	Five cents.	Three cents.	Two cents.
1818.....			
1849.....			
1850.....			
1851.....			
1852.....			
1853.....			
1854.....			
1855.....			
1856.....			
1857.....			
1858.....			
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1883.....			
1884.....			
1885.....			
1886.....			
1887.....			
1888.....			
1889.....			
1890.....			
1891.....			
1892.....			
1893.....			
1894.....			
1895.....			
Total.....	14,632,724.70	941,349.48	912,020.00

from their organization, by calendar years—Continued.

Cents.	Half cents.	MINOR COINAGE.		TOTAL COINAGE.	
		Gohl.	Silver.	Minor.	Total.
\$61,157.90		\$3,775,512.50	\$2,040,050.00	\$61,157.90	\$5,870,720.49
41,785.00	\$199.32	9,067,761.50	2,114,050.00	41,984.32	11,161,015.82
44,264.44	199.06	31,981,738.50	1,866,100.00	44,167.50	33,822,306.00
98,697.07	728.36	62,614,492.50	774,267.00	99,635.43	63,183,521.03
50,630.94		56,846,187.50	993,410.00	59,630.94	57,864,228.44
66,411.31	618.47	39,377,909.00	9,077,571.00	61,658.78	48,321,559.78
42,361.56	276.79	25,915,962.50	8,619,270.00	42,638.35	34,571,870.65
15,748.29	282.56	29,387,968.00	3,501,245.00	16,320.79	32,963,245.79
26,904.63	202.15	36,837,708.50	5,142,340.00	27,106.78	42,021,115.28
177,834.56	175.99	82,214,010.00	5,478,700.00	178,010.46	37,570,810.46
246,000.00		22,638,412.50	8,495,370.00	246,000.00	31,767,783.50
364,000.00		14,780,570.00	3,284,450.00	364,000.00	18,429,020.00
295,660.00			2,250,390.00	266,660.00	23,703,704.00
101,000.00		83,355,530.00	3,753,740.00	101,000.00	87,240,270.00
280,750.00		20,875,997.50	1,252,516.50	280,750.00	22,105,294.00
458,400.00		22,445,482.00	808,207.80	458,400.00	23,753,149.80
529,737.14		50,081,415.00	669,917.10	926,657.14	518,019,124.24
354,292.86		58,295,107.50	691,605.00	968,552.86	29,954,055.36
98,295.00		31,435,945.00	982,469.25	1,042,960.00	33,461,314.25
98,210.00		23,828,625.00	9,876,265.00	1,819,910.00	26,557,411.25
102,665.00		19,571,387.50	1,074,313.00	1,697,156.00	22,149,886.50
64,200.00		17,582,978.50	1,264,143.00	963,000.00	19,812,131.50
52,750.00		23,188,787.50	1,378,255.50	251,250.00	24,927,568.00
39,295.00		21,032,685.00	3,101,028.20	99,890.00	24,296,613.30
40,420.00		21,812,615.00	2,504,488.50	368,380.00	24,666,516.50
116,765.00		57,022,747.50	4,024,747.60	379,455.00	61,426,950.10
141,875.00		35,254,630.00	6,851,776.70	345,475.00	42,448,881.70
155,293.00		32,951,940.00	15,347,863.00	216,970.00	48,546,863.00
79,440.00		46,579,452.50	24,503,307.50	216,800.00	71,293,500.00
8,205.00		43,959,844.00	28,334,045.50	8,525.00	72,401,434.50
57,998.50		49,746,052.00	28,518,835.00	58,186.50	78,363,088.50
162,312.00		39,689,080.00	27,569,776.00	165,093.00	61,814,859.00
388,648.55		62,318,270.00	27,411,662.75	391,395.55	90,111,368.70
392,115.73		96,850,890.00	27,940,163.75	428,151.75	125,219,265.50
385,811.00		65,875,683.00	27,975,132.00	960,400.00	94,821,217.69
455,981.00		29,241,690.00	29,246,998.45	1,601,770.41	60,993,728.86
232,617.42		25,901,756.50	28,534,866.15	706,483.78	53,323,106.43
117,653.84		27,773,012.50	28,962,176.20	191,622.04	56,926,810.74
170,542.90		28,945,542.00	32,068,750.90	343,186.10	61,375,438.00
452,294.83		23,972,383.00	35,191,081.40	1,215,686.26	60,579,150.66
37,494.14		31,389,808.00	33,025,606.45	912,200.78	63,318,615.23
488,693.61		21,413,931.00	35,496,683.15	1,280,868.49	58,194,022.64
571,828.54		29,467,182.50	39,292,908.20	1,384,792.14	61,054,882.84
470,722.50		29,222,065.00	27,518,836.60	1,212,441.00	58,053,302.60
376,498.32		34,787,222.50	12,641,078.00	981,480.42	48,389,730.92
466,421.65		56,997,026.00	8,892,797.30	1,134,931.70	65,934,749.00
167,621.32		79,540,166.00	9,200,350.85	438,177.92	89,184,688.77
383,436.36		59,616,357.50	5,688,010.25	882,430.56	66,196,781.31
11,417,941.06		39,926.11	1,792,168,680.50	687,697,629.40	27,363,962.35
					2,507,140,272.25

Premium on gold, and gold value of United States legal tender notes from 1862 to January 1, 1879.

Year.	Average currency value of gold each calendar year during each year during suspension of specie payments, Jan. 1, 1862 to Jan. 1, 1879.	Average gold value of U.S. notes each calendar year during suspension of specie payments, Jan. 1, 1862 to Jan. 1, 1879.
1862.....	113.3	88.3
1863.....	145.2	68.9
1864.....	203.3	49.2
1865.....	157.3	63.6
1866.....	146.9	71
1867.....	138.2	72.4
1868.....	139.7	71.6
1869.....	133	75.2
1870.....	114.9	87
1871.....	111.7	89.5
1872.....	112.4	89
1873.....	118.8	87.9
1874.....	111.2	89.9
1875.....	114.9	87
1876.....	111.5	89.8
1877.....	101.8	95.4
1878.....	101.8	99.2

The total redemptions of notes in gold and the exports of that metal during each fiscal year since the resumption of specie payments have been as follows:

Fiscal year.	United States notes.	Treasury notes of 1860.	Total.	Exports of gold.
1859.....	\$7,976,698	87,976,698	87,976,698	61,567,614
1860.....	3,789,128	3,789,128	3,789,128	3,629,025
1861.....	271,750	271,750	271,750	2,565,132
1862.....	40,099	40,099	40,099	32,587,880
1863.....	75,009	75,009	75,009	11,660,388
1864.....	50,000	50,000	50,000	41,477,377
1865.....	2,222,000	2,222,000	2,222,000	8,477,892
1866.....	6,863,699	6,863,699	6,863,699	43,932,191
1867.....	4,234,173	4,234,173	4,234,173	1,974,967
1868.....	638,566	638,566	638,566	692,596
1869.....	730,143	730,143	730,143	59,932,265
1870.....	732,596	732,596	732,596	17,274,401
1871.....	5,892,769	5,892,769	5,892,769	36,770,554
1872.....	5,352,213	\$3,773,600	9,125,843	50,195,237
1873.....	55,319,125	46,751,220	102,100,345	168,680,544
1874.....	68,212,496	19,600,000	87,812,496	70,490,496
1875.....	102,300,891	7,570,388	117,351,183	66,131,183
1876.....	153,507,591	5,348,365	158,655,956	112,309,186
Total.....	426,199,220	80,073,325	506,283,545	753,453,981

Statement of the specie and bank-note circulation of the United States in the years specified from 1800 to 1859, with amount of circulation per capita.

Year.	Number of banks and branches	Estimated bank notes outstanding	Estimated specie in United States	Total money in United States	Specie in Treasury	Money in circulation	Population	Per capita
1800.....	810,500,000	\$17,500,000	\$28,000,000	\$26,500,000	\$26,500,000	\$26,500,000	5,308,483	\$4.99
1810.....	28,000,000	\$0,000,000	58,000,000	53,000,000	53,000,000	53,000,000	7,239,811	\$7.60
1820.....	44,800,000	\$24,300,000	69,100,000	62,900,000	62,900,000	62,900,000	9,413,825	\$6.96
1830.....	61,000,000	\$22,100,000	75,000,000	67,500,000	67,500,000	67,500,000	12,000,000	\$5.63
1831.....	71,030,000	102,100,000	6,014,540	93,085,460	93,085,460	13,221,072	7,04	
1832.....	91,500,000	\$0,400,000	121,900,000	4,592,914	117,397,080	13,590,000	8,634	
1833.....	91,500,000	\$0,650,000	121,900,000	4,592,914	117,397,080	13,590,000	8,634	
1834.....	566,700	135,800,000	117,702,905	124,116,663	14,372,000	8,634		
1835.....	704	103,692,495	51,000,000	154,692,495	8,892,858	145,709,671	14,786,000	8.63
1836.....	713	140,301,058	65,000,000	205,301,058	203,391,038	15,218,000	13,177	
1837.....	721	116,138,910	65,000,000	181,138,910	180,345,000	18,345,000	12,37	
1838.....	829	116,138,910	87,500,000	203,658,910	18,688,910	16,112,000	12,33	
1839.....	840	135,170,995	87,000,000	222,170,995	2,466,962	219,701,035	16,584,000	12,26
1840.....	901	109,290,472	87,000,000	196,290,472	3,080,000	16,210,000	11,211	
1841.....	784	109,290,472	84,000,000	187,290,474	8,673,345	188,302,899	17,511,000	10,59
1842.....	602	83,731,011	83,000,000	161,731,011	230,481	163,504,527	18,182,000	9.02
1843.....	691	58,563,608	90,000,000	148,563,608	1,449,472	147,114,000	8,994,000	8.78
1844.....	809	73,000,000	148,563,608	221,563,608	7,000,000	19,750,000	10,615,000	8.58
1845.....	707	89,608,711	96,000,000	185,608,711	7,658,300	171,950,405	19,878,000	8.35
1846.....	707	105,532,427	97,000,000	202,532,427	9,126,430	193,425,888	20,500,000	9.43
1847.....	710	112,500,000	97,000,000	209,500,000	1,021,353	208,478,647	19,188	
1848.....	751	126,506,491	112,000,000	240,506,491	8,101,353	225,404,738	21,845,000	10,61
1849.....	782	114,743,415	120,000,000	234,743,415	2,184,964	222,558,451	22,480,000	10,34
1850.....	824	131,368,000	124,000,000	284,368,000	5,000,000	280,368,000	22,480,000	10,22
1851.....	793	132,562,253	111,163,253	10,911,646	320,253,065	23,935,000	20,935,000	10,22
1852.....	171,673,000	294,000,000	373,073,000	14,632,136	361,040,894	24,892,000	11,63	
1853.....	168,181,000	236,000,000	424,181,000	21,942,893	402,228,167	25,615,000	15,80	
1854.....	168,181,000	236,000,000	424,181,000	21,942,893	402,228,167	25,615,000	15,80	
1855.....	1,307	189,952,223	250,000,000	446,952,223	18,931,756	416,020,247	27,256,000	15,34
1856.....	1,398	195,747,939	250,000,000	445,747,939	19,901,325	425,846,625	28,916,000	15,16
1857.....	1,398	195,747,939	250,000,000	445,747,939	19,901,325	425,846,625	28,916,000	15,16
1858.....	1,422	153,208,314	250,000,000	413,208,314	6,306,316	408,810,028	29,753,000	15,78
1859.....	1,476	193,306,818	250,000,000	443,306,818	4,339,276	438,907,542	30,596,000	14,35

* Specie in Treasury estimated.

Statement of the coin and paper circulation of the United States from 1800 to 1896, inclusive, with amount of circulation per capita.

Year.	Coin in United States, including bullion in Treasury.	Paper money in United States.	Total money.	Coin, bullion and paper money in Treasury.	Circulation.	Population.	Money in United States per capita.	Circulation per capita.
1800.	\$235,000,000	\$207,102,477	\$442,102,477	\$6,695,252	\$435,407,252	31,443,321	\$14.06	\$13.85
1801.	250,000,000	202,515,767	452,515,767	3,490,252	14,402,402	31,443,321	14.06	13.88
1802.	250,000,000	198,159,078	448,159,078	3,490,252	13,934,474	32,761,080	13.96	13.25
1803.	25,000,000	619,867,283	674,867,283	79,473,563	595,394,058	33,365,069	20.23	17.84
1804.	25,000,000	650,588,067	755,588,067	699,641,478	34,046,069	29,722	19.07	17.57
1805.	25,000,000	714,208,714	739,208,714	707,700,000	32,500,000	29,722	24.57	22.57
1806.	25,000,000	729,327,254	754,327,254	80,830,010	773,488,244	35,409,000	21.27	18.99
1807.	25,000,000	703,200,612	728,200,612	60,208,541	661,992,059	36,211,000	20.11	18.28
1808.	25,000,000	691,553,578	716,553,578	36,149,017	680,425,891	36,975,000	19.34	18.30
1809.	25,000,000	680,900,000	705,900,000	37,000,000	664,452,891	37,000,000	18.05	17.40
1810.	25,000,000	677,808,401	722,808,401	47,655,667	675,212,791	38,558,371	18.73	17.50
1811.	25,000,000	716,812,174	741,812,174	25,923,169	715,889,045	36,553,000	18.75	18.10
1812.	25,000,000	737,712,174	762,712,174	36,000,000	736,712,174	36,000,000	18.75	18.19
1813.	25,000,000	740,445,610	774,445,610	22,953,801	751,841,801	41,677,000	18.58	18.04
1814.	25,000,000	781,024,781	806,024,781	29,941,750	776,082,021	42,799,000	18.83	18.13
1815.	25,000,000	773,273,569	798,273,569	27,500,000	776,101,569	42,799,000	18.83	18.16
1816.	25,000,000	774,790,569	799,790,569	28,000,000	770,271,288	45,157,000	17.52	16.12
1817.	65,837,506	697,216,341	763,053,847	40,738,964	722,314,883	46,353,000	16.46	15.58
1818.	102,017,067	680,205,669	791,253,570	62,120,912	729,162,634	47,508,000	16.62	15.32
1819.	102,017,067	680,205,669	791,253,570	62,120,912	729,162,634	47,508,000	16.62	15.32
1820.	102,017,067	680,205,669	791,253,570	62,120,912	729,162,634	47,508,000	16.62	15.32
1821.	104,363,884	711,563,313	1,205,929,157	232,546,969	973,382,228	59,155,783	24.04	19.41
1822.	107,806,682	758,675,144	1,406,541,823	292,303,704	1,114,238,119	51,316,000	27.41	21.71
1823.	106,974,174	776,166,568	1,482,166,568	55,514,170	1,021,680,568	52,693,000	27.37	22.37
1824.	106,974,174	757,746,568	1,441,746,568	143,184,129	1,230,365,696	52,693,000	30.00	22.91
1825.	101,068,939	904,385,233	1,703,454,189	401,528,229	1,243,925,969	54,911,000	31.06	22.65
1826.	872,175,823	945,482,513	1,817,035,336	325,080,721	1,292,598,615	56,148,000	32.37	24.02
1827.	1,007,513,914	992,928,771	1,900,412,672	582,963,522	1,317,339,143	58,680,000	32.39	22.45
1828.	1,092,391,690	976,564,259	2,082,955,949	690,763,079	1,372,174,870	59,974,000	34.39	22.84
1829.	1,102,619,074	976,564,259	2,082,955,949	690,763,079	1,372,174,870	59,974,000	34.39	22.84
1830.	1,152,211,638	961,734,521	2,144,226,159	714,874,889	1,429,231,270	62,622,250	34.24	22.82
1831.	1,165,185,654	1,032,039,021	2,195,224,075	697,783,369	1,497,440,767	63,975,000	34.31	23.41
1832.	1,2, 2, 854,251	1,139,745,170	2,372,599,501	771,252,314	1,601,347,187	65,530,000	36.25	24.14
1833.	1,2, 2, 854,251	1,139,745,170	2,372,599,501	771,252,314	1,601,347,187	65,530,000	36.25	24.14
1834.	1,251,543,158	1,168,891,928	2,424,434,781	759,626,073	1,660,808,708	68,397,000	35.39	24.28
1835.	1,264,987,946	1,157,614,914	2,308,607,420	768,947,947	1,601,968,473	69,878,000	34.33	22.93
1836.	1,225,618,702	1,126,612,536	2,345,631,528	839,906,302	1,046,631,026	71,399,000	32.86	21.10

Note 1.—Specie payments were suspended from January 1, 1802 to January 1, 1829. During the greater part of that period gold and silver coins were not in circulation except on the Pacific Coast, where it is estimated, the specie circulation was generally about \$25,000,000. This estimated amount is the only coin included in the above statement from 1802 to 1875, inclusive.

Note 2.—In 1876 subsidiary silver coins came into use, and is included in this statement, beginning with that year.

Note 3.—The coining of standard silver dollars began in 1873 under the Act of February 28, 1873.

Note 4.—Specie payments were suspended January 1, 1833, and again in 1837, 1839, 1841, 1843, as well as following the Civil War. The last suspension is included in this statement from and after that date.

Note 5.—This table represents the circulation of the United States as shown by the revised statements of the Treasury Department for June 30 of each of the years specified.

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**END OF
TITLE**